Miscellaneous for Districts 45 - 48:-Deptford, Greenwich, 9 Woolwich. Book CXXXI

[i] COLL U m POLITICAL W Miscellane of Sistricts 45 - 48 Book CXXXI Description address District Name 45 - Farthing M. E. Schoolmaster, Ba School. Regent St Deptford 45 - Lamert Mis Sec & Deptford Fund 50 Buck. Pal. Road 73 45 - Butcher mifs Sec & Deplford Cos. Temperance Hall 46 - Denison Mr. agent Greenwich Cos & King William St 35 45 - Bacter M-J. LCM, Public Houses 39 Vesta R' Brockley #3 Extract from Paper re Deptford Fund Refuge Rospital Sunday Collections 46 - Pleydell M. J. W. B' School, Randall Pl. Greenwich 46 - Wagstaffe M=9R --- Old Woolevich 146 - Greenwood M. J.S. Manager _ ... 48 Grinling M- CH. Woolwich nursing assoc 37 Rectory Place. 107 148 - Larner m-CP. _ Cos. 1 Brewer Street 155 148 - Harbours m= Guardian, Woolwich 204 Eglenton Road 483. 47-8- Bourne M=S. National Vigilance Soc 5 Landowne R' B'lkh4h 799 m J. g. Woolwich Polytechnie William Street. 48 : Ryan Didden m-W. J. Woolwich Cooperative 231 18 = Machen Macleod

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June 10 to 1500. Intimin with him E. Ferthand, Regul-H- Hound School, Dept for. this school for four years when I with of Am whether he true he Booth's work he faid fer, hole (høntatia, and had often this to get the suite when sommer, Darked. Kondon; pom to. Public dily, but it her shape out." heart who the chilon i this school an oran for the porcet strutt in the heigh bour hood: my fem era of than i am purple that attend has: it is reconstite almost en trust from Mack, Tark Mese, and light he. The two quel with of the heigh bom hood are prostitution and drink: the group of struck find hote and south of the school harm with prostates; in

Starlope h. They are a almost eny house; a large proportion of the mania home ply in the street as with as the single while with the preched commune of Their hatandr. The hearn, honen hat the man struts htman konde this and fremmik luk- do hol- han har to en istern of the morel organisation of the district hum 7. montind a case of a log who kept. any pour school: then wer quel- difficulty finding the neva: Contraly it wer found that he and the whole of his family, father, nother, and his other children fon ale suffering from a veneral diseas. (d. degred) as en tim helit un filthe as is the large which The Childen hem and ha i the strect him to wer hispoin to fuid that the hiting of Asserting on the west of the closets was ving van han,

ti fed. almal and untom, whenes it was a constant track it i much mon us protecte school i bethel fru : (hen as chuhun then is mon of it among the guil, than the 130): I'maggetted to her t. and he apred that the probable explanation of this appenints Animal fact - (i.e. that the is which home uniting of filth is the nephelalle then to disreputale school- is tal- i hed huigh low hood - as this them is no highly or retience about texas matters, and thurson he impulse to write things which an "common in the month as Loughold The poruty of the childre i the school clothing which is change & writer a unit hinter by their standen: to a the days of cold matter and they all look priched " in The hatter of clothing and

Faithing 13th School, Regent St Deptford

fading hot hack is done for them; The

Difficulties in the way are so good: clother

are al once pauned and it exceedings

hand to fin' out the milethe case for

here school and when they are found a that to report the this consected hand a notice that the then the holds make in reform:

a this consected han 7. noticed that then is in the neighbour hood a har- wholesome are much more france than the police. A protty friquent care of country text the

filte mach mon often than of active condly? In school attendance is my low; el. mand. It p.c. among the logs will a food deal make anong the spile. Pul. hum

for of night, untilling a stanation un?

Farthing - Board School, Regent Street, Deptford + has considerally improved it i four years: in 1898 d. wer up to 83 p.c. for the log. and the great. Drop in 1855 wer the to the lasp an mit of infections dinch which accounted for Jooo absenter. Infection. Discum an her spidemie i the school : if he can of has attendance in the large number of childre who work for long homes of out of school time. At to the highway of good chong Ten people other ten the school him 7. modicit- is that they are prestilly untouched. the Church is attent father and the anyton; is the Regger School in highing h. The L. S. D. Ras lates started Continenti Clarker and hu 7. hainly take how they

Giffin Street P.C.

Farthing- Ba School. Regent St Deptford

and run having her a hission effort: seemed any attempt is made to teach the chief of the streets of high- him to take a fun out of the streets at hight-. At present them are about 65- hi attendance. The hand for he states on about for he states on and girls have it very crying.

GA June 20/1900

Mrs Lamert, Secretary of the Deptford Friend" Office: 50 Buckingham Palace Road S.W.

mis Lamest is a tall elderly lady, well but quetly dressed. She has been connected with the Fund from its inception, and be mathemed and is its moving spirit. Whilst she talks quetly and with the lase of perfect knowledge, there is a strong force of enthusian theeling behind the outward colon, which showed itself occasionally in a tremor of the voice as she spoke of the troubles troubes to fee protogers.

The fund was instituted in 1894 as the result of a brey lady's visits to 13 ailton Sheet. She interested Lady Templetown in the matter and eventhally the work was started to help the people." A house was found out 47 Creek Sheet. From that time, the work has grown and the fund now occupies a large new building called the Albany Institute in Creek Road.

The first part of the work to be started was the Sick Kitchen. This L. had noticed how difficult it was to obtain well cooked food for invalids. Over 10,000 denvers are now given in the year, the kitchin

2.0

The Sick Kilchin"

THE PARTY NAMED IN

kitchen berng open 3 days a week. For particular see Report on near back (pages 6+7) and Regulations below;

ALBANY INSTITUTE,

Albury Street, DEPTFORD, S.E.

Regulations for Sick Dinners.

- 1. The Central Sick Kitchen is open on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only.
- 2. The Notice Ticket must be left at the Kitchen before 5 o'clock on the day before the first dinner is required. The Receiving Ticket, with the penny to be paid thereon, must be brought each dinner day to the Kitchen.
- 3. Dinners must be called for between the hours of 12.30 and 1 o'clock each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
- 4. Each Authorised Visitor may keep **two persons** on sick diet, *i.e.* may give six dinners weekly.
- 5. All Receiving Tickets not brought to the Kitchen on the day for which they are dated will be forfeited.
 - A post-card will be sent to the giver of the ticket that the case may be investigated, if desired.
- 6. Not less than three dinners must be given to any patient; but as many more as may be thought necessary.
- 7. All Tickets must be dated for the day on which the first dinner is to be received, i.e. for a Tuesday, Thursday, or Saturday.
- 8. It should be impressed upon the recipients of Tickets (1) that articles brought to hold the dinners must be clean, (2) that lent articles must be returned, and in a clean condition.
 - 9. The diets must be accurately stated on the Tickets.

These diets are five in number, denoted by the letters A, B, C, D and J, and they consist of:—

- A. Chicken, with Yorkshire Pudding and Potatoes, or Mutton (or Rabbit) with Yorkshire Pudding and Vegetables.
- B. Boiled Fish, with Sauce and Potatoes.
- C. Beef Tea (each pint containing 1lb. of meat) or Mutton Broth.
- D. Milk Pudding, containing 1½ pints of Milk, two Eggs, and 2 ozs. of Rice, etc.
- J. Jelly.

The simple letters only should be used for the above diets.

10. The Committee earnestly request all Givers of Tickets to carefully conform to the Regulations; by doing so, they will greatly lighten the work.

Visitors will be welcomed, and information concerning the Sick Kitchen will be gladly given on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m.

Packets of Tickets, 51 for £1, 24 for 10s., 12 for 5s., can be purchased from the Secretary,
Deptford Fund Office, 50, Buckingham Palace Road, S.W.

Lamert - Deptford Fund.

The distribution of the hickets for the dinners is done by 45 authorised visitors, residents in the locality, each of whom can give 6 dinners a week, e ; 2 on each day the stribetion to open. These visitors are connected with the places of worship (Church t Tron-coup). This L. showed me the list and I recognised several names of persons, with whom we have come in contact in Dept ford. It is pan-denominational "all the denominational are represented except the R.C... the press refused to have the tickets but my I does not wish this made public.

The visitors have to have to guarantee that the case is one of genuine poverty of that to prevent overlapping A list is kept at the house to as an additional check and the dinners are only given to sick of convalences cases. I mentioned a criticism that the dinners were given to chronic cases which would be better in the infirmary. In reply the L said that they only gave to chronic cases which were clifted day doctor. some who had had pleursy or presumous.

Local dislike to Fund

The Girl's Club

Samert - Dehtford Fund.

The dinners are given to residents in the parishes of St Kicholas, St Luke, Christchurch, St Paul, St Mark and St James Hatcham; practically the portions of the civil parishe north of the New Cross Road.

The Fund is disliked by the well to do people of the district. They object to the Fund pointing out the poverty and wickedness of Dept ford, saying that it lowers the value of property in Dept ford and also that it is mutual. It I seems to have an exaggerated idea of the poverty of the district whilst she agreed with the colouring of the Giffen Sheet area, she thought that Highes Fields was poor and was evidently surprised to see the bulk of MSukis parish prink.

The Girls (lub (See Report p.7-9) is the work that filtrhafts lies nearest to Mrs Lis Least. The delight of my heart. It began with 22 girls from the Cettle market of has grown to 130. All are factory girls, living in the neighbourhood. They work at the Cattle market, true cansates works to and at the club all meet on equal terms. Only those living an impore life are excluded, this exclusion being effected by

the

Social Distinctions

The Girls appreciate husic

the girls themselves, who will not associate with such an one. With these however Mist. keeps in touch and the other guls will make a collection for them when asked. By In the club no caste distinctions are allowed and nothing is seen of the difference we noted in East London between the starch, match to ther girls in the clubs there. It probably exists outside however, At the early meetings of the club. In L. noticed that the guils divided into two sets. Later on she asked the reason It was this. Fart of the girls employed in the market work on the ox and other on sheep. The latter being smaller + probably not quite suddisgusting work is reckoned the better work & a distinction between the guilo Jollows.

The blub meets every Thursday. The girls are taught and take great interest in singing. Sing old English ballads, moody & Sankey hymnis &c. Mr. L. seeks to supersede the old coarse songs by the better. A public opinion has now formed on the subject and if a girl commences to him a ribald song, the others will hush it. They appreciate instrumental

The Girl's Sunday

The Refuge in Greenwich.

Name Address rolin was greeted with Description Value elen to and appreciate Date given out Payment completed Description nake their own garments, Date given out - week by week. Each girl Payment completed Description ValueDate given out very methodical. It is Payment completed eng in charge of a ledy. Description Value Date given out nection with the club and Payment completed 30 members, whilst 10 or 11 Description sponsibility ends and that Date given out Payment completed get up about 2 velock t the with their own or

Other branches of the Fund work are the Refuge.

This has been combined with that of the Refuge of Reformatory Union (Report pii) The Deptford Fund had too much work and no money! and the other too much movey and no work so the combination has been mustually beneficial. A Report of this work now in the press will be sent.

The Deptford Jund Birls' Club. SEWING CLASS.

WEEKS	1	2	3	4	5	Тот	AL.	£	s.	0
Oct.										
Nov.										
Dec.										
Jan.			24		a m					
Feb.										
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April										
May										
June										
July										
						7	£			

The Girl's Sunday

The Refuge in Greenwich. Samert. Deptford Fund.

roars of laughter. How they listen to and appreciate good music.

They are also taught to make their own garments, which they buy, paying for them week by week. Each girls has a card as at side.

The work of the club is very methodical. It is divided into classes, each being in charge of a lety. I Bible class is held in connection with the club and is attended fairly regularly by 30 members, whilst 10 or 11 go to Church, where Inis Lis responsibility ends and that of the clergy begins. On

On Sunday the gut get up about 2 velock t later on well go out for walks "with their own or somebody else's young man".

This has been combined with that of the Refuge of Reformatory Union (Report pill) The Deptford Fund had too much work and no money' and the other too much movey and no work so the combination has been much work and no work so the combination has been mutually beneficial. A Report of this work more in the press will be sent.

Lamert - Deptford Fund

Other Agencies

The Workers engaged

Relief Given

Clothing

Hospital letter to

(b) Children's Happy Evenings for the children of breek Road B. School. (Su Report) Meet on Tuesdays during the writer - 4 sections each meeting once a month-big and little boys; big + little girls.

(C) The Children's Guild, which united the West-end children to obtain Junes for the Dept ford Fund.

School of Domestic Economy. See Report - p. 9.

The paid staff of the Fund consists of Miss. and
an assistant, matron, mission worker and charmon.

A number of ladies gives voluntary help with the
club to but the usual want of workers is experienced.

The work is growing enormously and this L.

is wondering whether anything will be left of us.

Considerable quantities of clothing are sent to Defet ford. Over 2000, articles were disposed of last year. Sales are held to which the women belonging to the mothers meetings in the parishes are invited. The good are sold at Cost price. Used to give some away but found the new garenest were paralled. Hospital of Counalessens letters are also given away to a bed at D' Prings convalescens home at Beachill is maintained for Dept ford

The Church of England is doing all she can in the district, but is understaffed - clergy working might and day. The non-come work hard and with more money (?), the Wesleyam especially. I suggested that the non-come had no endowment. It is agreed that was so but they gave so liberally for the dieseter is taught to pay".

yalking of drunk, Amod. said the elder women were the trouble. It is etiquette for a bride to stand a go of gin. These women got the young women in and induced them to call for a drink. The want of proper housing was a conducing cause. The only comfortable warm place is the public house.

Sce also rage 39.

Drink

by and lettle layer buy of lettle girle . . .

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the last the war and of assistance was

DEPTFORD FUND

PRESIDENT:

H.R.H. THE DUCHESS OF ALBANY

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

AND

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

WITH

List of Subscriptions and Donations

AND

BALANCE SHEET &c., &c.

To 31st MARCH, 1900

LONDON

PRINTED BY THE NASSAU PRESS (H. VIRTUE AND CO., LTD.)
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(Continued on p. 3 of Cover.)

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Report of the Executive Committee

To be laid before the ANNUAL MEETING at the Albany Institute, June 12th, 1900.

THE Executive Committee submit their Sixth Annual Report, together with a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Accounts for the past year.

The Fifth Annual Meeting was held at Stafford House on June 8th, 1899, by kind permission of the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland, and was presided over by H.R.H. the President.

During the twelve months covered by this report the following events took place, and the Committee return their sincere thanks to all those who helped their work and gave their support in connection with them.

On April 18th, 1899, a successful concert was held in the Creek Road Board School by the Blackheath Old Girls' Association in connection with the Children's Happy Evenings Association.

Miss Gurdon Rebow again organised and carried

out a Free Concert in the parish of St. Luke's, Deptford, on April 20th.

The Windsor Strollers, on the initiative of Mr. Alan MacKinnon, gave a performance of "The Passport," on May 9th, at the Haymarket Theatre, by the kind permission of Messrs. Frederick Harrison and Cyril Maude, in aid of the Fund, at which H.R.H. the Duchess of Albany was present. This resulted in the addition of £169 12s. 8d. to the funds.

On May 11th the Annual Meeting of the Deptford Fund Refuge was held at St. Peter's Hall, Brockley; H.R.H. the President presided, and the meeting was addressed by Her Grace Adeline Duchess of Bedford, the Rev. E. J. Kennedy, the Rev. F. W. Macdonald, and others. It was well attended and resulted in much fresh local interest.

Mr. George Alexander gave a free Matinée at St. James's Theatre to the children of the Happy Evenings Association, to which twenty Deptford children from the Creek Road Board School branch were invited.

H.R.H. the Duchess of Albany most graciously invited all the helpers of the Deptford Fund to a Garden Party given by Her Royal Highness at Clarence House on June 20th.

On December 11th a Bazaar was held by Lady Maitland, at the Hans Crescent Hotel, in aid of the Children's Guild; H.R.H. the Princess Christian graciously opened it, and the result was a profit of £151 7s. 5d., which, with added donations, brought up the amount to £300.

On March 23rd, 1900, Miss Willoughby and friends gave a performance of the "Toy Symphony" to the children at the Creek Road Board School.

THE ALBANY INSTITUTE.

The Albany Institute is the name which has been given, by the permission of H.R.H. the Duchess of Albany, to the new building in Creek Road, Deptford, just completed by the Fund.

This building, which is the first of the three portions contemplated, was finished ready for an inspection by H.R.H. the Duchess of Albany on July 11th, 1899, and was opened for use on October 2nd.

All the work carried on in the old building has been transferred to the new, which is now in full working order. The Committee invite all those interested to visit it and inspect the work.

They feel sure that the funds urgently needed to complete their scheme will be forthcoming when it is seen how needful is the further extension of the Building.

The second portion of the Institute will contain the much-required large Hall and an increase in the Sick Kitchen and other accommodation, while it will also enable the bath rooms to be used, the space intended to be occupied by them in the present building having been temporarily appropriated for the work of the Clothing Guild, etc.

The old house and the Albany Institute have, since the last report, been used for 439 Clubs, Classes, etc.

SICK KITCHEN.

The work of the Sick Kitchen has been as follows: the total number of dinners issued has been 10,620. These were divided as under:—

Sick dinners -	-	-	-	6,321
Workers' dinners	-	-	-	136
Children's ,, -	-	-	-	4,163
		Tot	al	10,620

The Sick Dinners are hot, well-cooked, nourishing meals, consisting of chicken, rabbit or mutton, with two vegetables; or of fish, with potatoes, beeftea, chicken broth, or jelly. The charge to the recipient is one penny, and none receive less than three meals.

The total cost of these dinners, including those of the workers, who pay for their own, was £150, or practically $5\frac{1}{2}d$. per dinner.

The Deptford Fund undertakes to supply at their own cost at least 150 such Sick Dinners in each week that the Kitchen is open, in addition to those required for children.

Tickets, intended to supplement the Committee's work and give the charitable public a practical and ready means of helping the sick poor, are issued by the Committee.*

The Committee have again to thank many

kind friends for contributions of game, rabbits, vegetables, etc., to the Sick Kitchen, and wish to remind their supporters that help of this sort is most useful. Those who are kind enough to assist in this way are requested:—

- (I) To address their parcels to The Secretary,
 The Albany Institute, Creek Road,
 Deptford;
- (2) To state the name of the sender on each parcel, in order that it may be acknowledged; and
- (3) To enclose an addressed label if the empty package is to be returned.

The Children's Dinners are supplied from a separate fund—Lady Maitland's Children's Guild. Their actual cost is somewhat less than id. each, and each child contributes one farthing for a dinner. The farthings accumulate towards the expense of a child's cot in Dr. Pring's Convalescent Home at Bexhill-on-Sea.

THE GIRLS' CLUB.

This Club continues its useful work, and increases in membership and average attendance. In October, 1899, the Club was transferred to the spacious and well-lighted room in the Albany Institute, in which this and other work for women and girls is carried on.

It may be interesting to our friends at this juncture to note the progress of the Girls' Club:—

^{*} The tickets may be purchased of the Secretary, Deptford Fund Office, 50, Buckingham Palace Road, S.W., in packets, viz.: 12 for 5s.; 24 for 10s.; 51 for £1.

	1895.	Membership	35	average	attendance	28
	1896.	,,	56	,,	,,	40
-	1897.	,,	75	,,	,,	55
-	1898.	,,	130	,,	,,	III
-	1899.	,,	175	,,	,,	130

The growth is purely voluntary; since the opening night in 1895 no girl has ever been asked to join; they come of their own accord or are brought in by their "pals."

The girls are taught plain sewing; they buy at cost price the garments thus made, small weekly payments being encouraged. When the Club started, the possession of one undergarment was practically the accepted rule, now it is not "the thing" to have less than two—several girls possessing three—besides aprons made by themselves.

The Singing Club improves noticeably; the girls have a passion for singing and music, and can now give a very creditable concert.

Mrs. Lamert rejoices to report that the increase in refinement of voice, manner and dress is commented on by all visitors, more especially by those who remember 1895, and she can also record with gratitude that this outward improvement is accompanied by a real effort amongst many of the girls after a better life. Miss Wilson's Bible Class and Church Class is doing a really good work: progress, though slow, is distinct.

The notable events of last year were the Summer Outing, by invitation of Mr. Sidney Lamert, to Well Hall, made possible by the kindness of Mrs. John Gurney and a few other friends (112 girls

revelled in the half-day in the country, and enjoyed the good fare liberally provided); and the New Year Feast, when 127 girls enjoyed Christmas fare of roast beef and plum puddings, followed by a concert given by themselves; the Chairman presided, and Mrs. Tarleton gave away the warm garments provided by the Committee and other friends.

Mrs. Lamert gratefully acknowledges the monthly concerts provided by Mrs. Price and that by Miss Annie Glen—Bank Holiday Teas by Mrs. Gordon (Blackheath), and appeals very earnestly for more helpers.

This large club is constantly held by the Secretary with five or less ladies to help; on sewing nights especially this number is quite inadequate.

It is intended, if funds permit, to open the series of airy dormitories for the use of single women and girls in connection with the Club during the coming year.

SCHOOL OF DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

This school, thoroughly equipped and furnished, was opened for work in the Albany Institute with 30 scholars, under two qualified teachers, on 2nd October, 1899.

The purpose of the school is to thoroughly train girls from 13 to 15 years of age in the branches of Cookery, Laundry, Needlework, Dressmaking, and simple Hygiene. The Technical Education Board of the London County Council grant a yearly sum for this purpose; and the

Girls Learning Creek Road.

Committee of the Deptford Fund, recognising the exceeding importance of training young girls in thrift and housewifery, catching them, as it were, immediately on the termination of their compulsory attendance at School, accepted the responsibility of the work, and undertook to carry out the necessary regulations in conjunction with the London County Council. The girls attend daily (Saturdays excepted) from 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m. Dinner and Tea are provided, which they are taught to prepare and cook for themselves. The course lasts five months, at the end of which the London County Council send down inspectors to examine and report on the pupils' work. Needlework in all plain branches-mending, darning and patching-is taught, and also plain dressmaking, each girl having to cut out and make an undergarment and dress for herself. A special feature is the Laundry, which has been most completely equipped, and which the Committee have reason to believe is as good as any other in London; thorough training is given in washing, starching and ironing, and some of the pupils' work is most creditable.

The Committee hoped that a large proportion of their scholars might be induced to enter domestic service, but they regret to report that, owing to the absolute refusal of parents to allow their girls, and of the girls themselves, to leave the immediate vicinity of Deptford, not very much can be done in this direction, though a fair number are now in service in the neighbourhood. It is hoped this proportion may increase in time, and that

eventually this prejudice, by careful management, may be overcome.

DEPTFORD FUND REFUGE.

The Executive Committee of the Deptford Fund Refuge unanimously decided last autumn that it had become necessary to find a new house in which to carry on their Rescue and Preventive Work: the Home in Ashmead Road was insanitary, besides being inconvenient and too small for the growing needs of the work. A Sub-Committee was formed, who actively searched for a suitable house in the St. John's and Brockley district, but with no success—the rents of large houses being too high, the smaller houses not having sufficient accommodation, or the owners refusing to "let" for Refuge work.

During this fruitless search an offer was made quite spontaneously by the Refuge and Reformatory Union (which has been established for over forty years) to our Refuge Committee that it should amalgamate with them in their work. They possess a good freehold residence on the borders of Deptford, and offered to keep this house in good repair, and to pay the salaries of the Matron and Assistant Matron, if we, on our part, would transfer our cases, hold our Committee Meetings and carry on our work from their house.

The advantages of this proposal seemed very great, and, after careful consideration, although regretting that the Shelter should be moved, both the Deptford Fund Refuge and Deptford Fund Committees considered it an offer not to be refused.

The Deptford Fund still undertakes to provide the means for carrying on the work, which will now be extended to the Greenwich district, and has agreed to share the housekeeping expenses, and to continue to employ its own Mission Worker as before.

The move has been made, and the Refuge Shelter is now established at Shaftesbury House, Greenwich, whence the Committee hope to carry on the same work in the same manner, with the support of the Refuge and Reformatory Union and of those kind friends who have, both financially and by personal service, hitherto supported both Institutions.

The full account of the year's work will be published in a separate report.

WORK AMONG CHILDREN.

In connection with the Children's Happy Evenings Association, Lady Florence Pelham Clinton last year became President of the Creek Road Board School (close to Albany Institute), Deptford, and opened "Happy Evenings" for the children attending that school, assisted by a few friends, and by Mrs. Lamert, Secretary of the Branch. At first about 100 boys and 120 girls came; but the numbers increased, helpers did not, and it was found advisable to separate big and little children, the ages ranging from six to fourteen years.

On the boys' evening there is a "painting" room, a "quiet games" room, and a hall for boxing, tug-of-war, leap-frog, etc. On the girls' evening, in addition to the "painting" and "quiet games," a "dolls" and "dolls-house" room, and the Hall is used for dancing and romping.

The President has provided several treats, besides concerts given by the kind help of friends. At Christmas a Conjurer was engaged, and each of 350 children received a really good gift, besides a bun and an orange. At the close of the season, a "Punch and Judy" Show was provided, and royally enjoyed by no less than 482 children and little cripples, who also each received a bag containing four ounces of sweets and a large bun.

The children much enjoy their "Happy Evenings," but helpers are sorely needed to meet the increasing numbers who now attend.

This work is under the "Happy Evenings Association," but as the Committee have permitted Mrs. Lamert to help Lady Florence Pelham Clinton, this report is included in the account of the year's progress.

THE CHILDREN'S GUILD.

This branch is worked separately from the main Fund, though affiliated with it; Lady Maitland, the founder, being the head, under H.R.H. the President, while Lord Maitland is the Hon. Treasurer.

The main object is to help the children of

Deptford by the efforts of other children. The children of the Guild collect money which goes towards the expenses of the Children's dinners above described, and to the endowment of a permanent cot in one of the Children's Hospitals.

H.R.H. THE DUCHESS OF ALBANY'S DEPTFORD FUND CLOTHING GUILD.

The Guild has helped the objects of the Fund this year by providing 1,172 new garments, as against 940 last year. Its object is the distribution of clothing to the poor of Deptford through the agency of the Deptford Fund, and is managed by Her Royal Highness, with the assistance of Vice-Presidents and Associates. Further information concerning the Guild can be obtained from Sir Robert Collins, K.C.B., Claremont, Esher; or from Mrs. Lamert, 50, Buckingham Palace Road, S.W.

FINANCE.

The audited Balance Sheet and Statements of Accounts are published herewith. A list of subscriptions and donations, as well as gifts in kind, received during the past year is also appended.

The Annual Subscriptions for the year show a total of £403 10s. 6d. as against £385 15s. in the last statement. Of this sum £88 16s. 6d. were for the Refuge. This is a gratifying increase, especially when the numerous calls on the public in connection

with the War, etc., are considered; but the Committee feel that they must appeal strongly for more Annual Support, as the increase is not in proportion to the additional yearly outlay consequent on the opening of the Albany Institute; indeed the work is seriously hindered by want of the necessary funds.

The Committee appeal very earnestly for more Annual Support to meet the increased expenses of their new establishment; indeed they are, as a matter of fact, very much hampered at present owing to not having a sufficient income to provide for the proper staff; it is most necessary that a Porter should be employed to look after all the details, such as coal, windows, etc., etc., also in connection with work among men and boys.

The Donations amount to £1,101 17s. 4d., against £936 14s. 5d. last year, but of this sum £275 is from the London County Council on account of the School of Domestic Economy.

The amount received for the Building during the year has been £1,543 18s. 6d., the result of the Committee's appeal for £3,000. There is therefore still a debt on the Building Fund, even when all our unpaid promises are taken into account.

The Committee have again to record their cordial thanks to the Hon. Auditors, Messrs. Gedge and Ilott, for their careful and generous labours.

The Daily Mail Absent-Minded Beggar Fund, through Mrs. Alfred Harmsworth, placed a sum of £100 in the Chairman's hands for the relief of such

cases as were not reached by other War funds coming under the notice of the workers for the Deptford Fund. This sum is being carefully disbursed and has been the means of bringing help to several cases.

The Committee have again to thank Mrs. Harrison for her kind labours in connection with her "Penny Guild," and hope that others may start similar organisations, full particulars of which may be obtained of the Secretary, at the office, 50, Buckingham Palace Road, S.W.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion, the Committee desire to offer their special thanks to all their supporters, and especially to those who have assisted by personal help in the Sick Kitchen, the Girls' Club, and other branches of the work.

They particularly wish to impress on all their friends that an inspection of the Institute is very much desired by them, and they feel sure that a personal visit will do more to show the necessity for the continuation of the buildings than any words they can use.

The work is increasing day by day, and exceeding the widest estimates; they earnestly trust that financial support will keep pace with it, and that their appeal for the second portion will be as generously responded to as was that for the first.

Again it falls to them to record their high appreciation of Mrs. Lamert's work as Secretary,

and particularly for the continued progress of her Girls' Club. The Assistant Secretary, as well as the Cook and Caretaker, continue to give every satisfaction to the Committee.

Signed on behalf of the Executive Committee,

ALFRED H. TARLETON,

Chairman.

May 26th, 1900.

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

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To	Provisions										61	8				
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	Cleaning		***				***					13	5			
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for the Year ending 31st March, 1900.

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GEDGE & ILOTT.

BUILDING FUND.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT for the Year

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(WITH INTEREST.)		:	:	:	:	:	
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	To April 30th, 1806	To April 30th, 1897	To March 31st, 1808	To March 31st, 1800	To March 31st. 1999	200	

BALANCE SHEET.

31st March, 1900.

	ASSETS.	By Cash at Bank: \pounds s. d. \pounds s. d.	General Fund ro7 ro 9 Building Fund 7 o 8	Sick Kitchen Work among Girls o 6 10	Refuge 94 9 6	". Land and Buildings— As per last Balance	4,675 7	5,972 5 8	£10,862 13 6	GEDGE & ILOTT, Chartered Accountants, 3, Great James Street, Bedford Row, W.C.	
I TABIT TOTAL	LIABILITIES.	To Building Fund 10,654 13 9	General Account 113 10 3 Refuge Account 94 9 6						ALFRED H. TARIFTON	We have examined the above Accounts with the Books and Vouchers, and certify the same to be correct. GEDGE & ILOTT, Chartered Accounts, St. Chartered Accounts, Chartered Accounts, St. Chartered Acc	

GUILD. CHILDREN'S

Deptford Fund.

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	7	Grants	Frizes	Stationery	Postages and Telegra	Sundries	Balance at Bank:	Current Account	Deposit Account			" Cash in hand …								MAITLAND, Hon. Treasurer.
-	1	To										:								

d certify the same to be correct.

GEDGE & ILOTT,

Chartered Accountants,

3 Great James Street

Gifts Received from April, 1899, to April, 1900.

1,172 Articles of clothing (new) ...

197 Articles of Clothing (new) ...

H.R.H. The Duchess of Albany's Clothing Guild.

H.R.H. the Duchess of Albany
The Lady Florence Pelham Clinton

Lady Darling Mrs. Gleadow

Mrs. Gleadow
The Hon. Mrs. Halford
Mrs. Heygate
Mrs. Penrice
The Hon. Mrs. Talbot
The Lady Jane Taylor
The Hon. Margaret
Upton
Miss E. Wallis
Mrs. F. A. White

Mrs. F. A. White

H.R.H. The Duchess of Albany Mrs. Allhusen

Miss N. Allhusen Miss Annie Croft-Brooke Mrs. Thesiger Daniell

Lady Darling Miss Donkin Miss Fletcher Miss Gardner

Mrs. Harrison
Mrs. de Havilland
Mrs. Heygate
Mrs. Vaughan Lee

Mrs. Vaughan Lee
Mrs. Martineau
Miss N. Matthey
Col. Poole, per Mrs.
Martineau
Lady Prinsep
Miss Gurdon Rebow

Cast-off Clothing, 730 Articles ...

Cast-off Clothing-continued

Miss N. Stewart G. L. Stewart, Esq., per Miss Gurdon Rebow H. M. Stewart, Esq., per Miss Gurdon Rebow Mrs. Tarleton The Lady Jane Taylor The Viscountess Templetown Miss E. Wallis Mrs. Nicholas Wood

H.R H. The Duchess of

York The Hon. Florence Boscawen Miss Bushby ", ", per Miss Gurdon Rebow Sir G. H. Chubb, Bart. The Lady Florence Pel-ham Clinton Lady Darling A. Lloyd Edwards. Esq. The Hon. Mrs. Fetherstonhaugh Miss Le Feuvre A. Lister Harrison, Esq., per Miss Gurdon Rebow Mrs. Leyland Hornby, per Miss Gurdon Rebow Mrs. G. S. Hunt Miss Isabel N. Jones
The Lady Beatrice
Lister Kaye Sir A. Milner, per Mr. Godson Mrs. McSwiney Miss Mellish, per Miss Gurdon Rebow

GIFTS RECEIVED-continued.

Hospital, Convalescent and Surgical Aid Letters—continued...

St. Peter's Parochial Council of Charity, per Miss Gurdon Rebow A. H. Tarleton, Esq. Miss M. B. Tarleton Miss E. F. Tarleton The Lady Jane Taylor Miss Taylor Mrs. Arthur Tharp Mrs. B. J. E. Wright

Mrs. Armstrong Lady Loraine Broke Mrs. Couchman Mrs. W. D. Couchman Lady Cowell Miss Gardner Mrs. Lamert The Viscountess Maitland Miss Gurdon Rebow Miss Sayers G. L. Stewart, Esq., per Miss Gurdon Rebow The Lady Jane Taylor

H.R.H. The Duchess of Scrap Book York, per Mrs. Bland Sutton

Vases, Flower Pot, Salad Bowl, Jug, Cushion, Tray Cloths, Blotting Pad, Dolls' House, Rabbits, Flowers, Christmas Tree Ornaments, Cards, Flags, &c.

Illustrated Papers Magazines, &c.

H.R.H. The Duchess of Albany

Oil Cloth, Hot-water Bottle, Wall Paper, Christmas Tree Ornaments, Money Boxes, Tennis Racquet, Purses

The Lady Jane Taylor

Arrowroot Miss Annie Croft-Brooke Air Cushion and Towels ... G. L. Stewart, Esq., per

Miss Gurdon Rebow

151 Hospital, Convalescent, and Surgical Aid Letters

GIFTS RECEIVED-continued.

Books			{	Mrs. Clark Miss Annie Croft-Brooke Miss Sylvia Pym Miss Gurdon Rebow The Lady Jane Taylor Miss R. Webb
Chairs for Cor	nmittee R	loom	{	A. H. Tarleton, Esq., and Mrs. Tarleton
Cake, Clock at	nd Chairs	(4 doz	en)	J. J. Jenkins, Esq.
Christmas Car	ds		{	Miss N. Matthey Miss Twiss
Coloured Pictu	ires		{	Mrs. Clark W. H. Kennell, Esq.
Crackers				Mrs. Tarleton
Cushions			{	Mrs. Heygate Miss N. Stewart
140 Dressed D	olls		{	Mrs. Lennox Beattie Mrs. Clark (34), Cheshunt The Lady Gladys Finch- Hatton Mrs. John Gurney Mrs. de Havilland Mrs. Jelf Miss Una James Mrs. Law "Little Friends at Bromley," per Mrs. Chambers Miss Sylvia Pym Miss Gurdon Rebow Miss Tarleton
Envelopes, Bur	ns and Or	anges	{	The Lady Florence Pel- ham Clinton
Evergreens				
Fancy Articles			{	The Lady Gladys Finch- Hatton

GIFTS RECEIVED—continued

Flowers .				{	Children's Guild, per The Viscountess Mait- land Mrs. Heygate Mrs. Martineau Miss Newton Mrs. Penrice Miss Helen Rice Stevenage Church Children's Flower Service The Lady Jane Taylor Mrs. Bridges Taylor
Oranges .					F. G. Skinner, Esq.
Old Toys .				{	Mrs. Brenton Miss Sylvia Pym
Parasols, H	andk	erchie	f Box	es,	per Mrs. de Havilland
Quilt				,	Miss N. Stewart
Rabbits .				{	P. H. Martineau, Esq. A. H. Tarleton, Esq.
Mince Pies					A. H. Tarleton, Esq.
Scrap Books				{	The Misses Greta and Peggy Hunt
Sweets and T	oys			{	The Viscountess Mait- land Miss Willoughby
Work Boxes					Mrs. Hunt
Sick Kitchen	Dinn	er Tic	kets	{	Miss Adams Mrs. W. R. Bell Sister Constance "Daily Mail" Fund Lady Darling Mrs. Farmer, "President S.S.F.A., Deptford Division" Friends, per Miss M. W. Rix P. Mumford, Esq., per Mr. Spear John Robinson, Esq. Miss E. J. Shaw

Subscriptions and Donations, 1899=1900.

A Building.
B Refuge.
C Work among Girls.
D Work among Children.
E School of Domestic Economy.

A H.R.H. The Duc	hes	s	of A	11	ha	nv	1	S.	d.	scr	iption S.	ns.
", ",	,,					шу	100	0	U			
			l do		· ·					10	0	0
							0	10	0			
" "	(C	OH	ecte	D	by)	32	3	8			
B Abbott, Col. Blair										0	10	6
B ,, Mrs. Blair										0	IO	6
Adams, Miss							I	5	0		10	U
B Adkin, Mrs							•	2	0			
c & D Allhusen, Mrs.										0	10	0
										IO	IO	0
", ",			***							2	2	0
В ", ",	(19	00)							2	2	0
Alston, Lady										I	0	
Amos, Miss												0
Anderson, Miss (pe		Mis								2	0	0
Pohow)	- I	AT 15	55 0	ru	ruc)11						
Rebow)	•••						0	I	0			
A Annual Meeting:	natio	ons	Ann	ual	Su	ıb-						
			d.		s.							
Anon	5	0	0									
Billington, Miss				I	I	0						
Foster, Mrs. Johnston	50	0	0									
Gaussen, Mrs. Frederick Gaussen, Miss Alice				I	-	0						
Gibraltar, The Bishop of				0	10	0						
Keep, A. Perceval, Esq.	3	-	0									
Lewes, Sir Samuel	5	0	0									
Llangattock, Lady			0									
Scotter, Sir C	20	0	0									

			De	onati	ons.	Annu	al S	
	£ s. d.				d.		s.	
	S., E. G 1 0 0		~		100	70		
	Vanner, J. E., Esq 100 0 0							
	Lee, Com. Vaughan, R.N. 2 2 0							
	Westbury, The Dowager							
	Lady 5 0 0							
	White, Mrs. F. A 5 0 0 Cash Collected 29 6 3							
	Cash Collected 29 6 3		210				22	
B	Annual Meeting, Refuge		240		3	2	II	0
	Annual Meeting, Keruge		41	12	8			
A	Anon. (per H.R.H. The Ducl	ness						
	of Albany)		5	5	0			
	,, (additional salary)		13	0	0			
			-3	7				
	Danes Mar							
	Bacon, Mrs					2	0	0
	,, ,, (for 1900)					2	0	0
	Bailey, Crosier, Esq		2	0	0			
	Balme, Mrs. Nettleton		7					
В	Barclay, Mrs. (collected by)				-	I	I	0
	Roall Mrs. Release		2	10	6			
В	Beall, Mrs. Baker					0	5	0
E	Beaumont, Dudley, Esq		9	0	0			
C	,, ,,		0	10	0			
	Belhaven and Stenton, Lord					10	0	0
A			70			10	0	U
			10	0	0			
	Pall Man W. D. Lady					2	0	0
	Bell, Mrs. W. R		3	0	0			
	Bell, Miss A. M. Bainbridge					1	I	0
В	Blackheath Dramatic Club	per						
	Mrs. de Havilland)		5	0	0			
В	Blenkiron, Miss (collected by)		100					
A	Blice Mrs Metasle			13	0			
			2	0	0			
С	" "		I	0	0			
A	Boscawen, The Hon. Florence		0	IO	6			
	Boucherett, Miss					I	I	0
Α	Boyne, Viscount		5	0	0			
	Brankston, Mrs. (per Mrs. de Hav		4)		0			7 2
B	Bristow, Miss (collected by)			Nation of the last	-	0	5	0
D	Proto I ada I	•••	2	3	6			
	Broke, Lady Loraine	•••	1			2	2	0
	,, ,, (1900)					2	2	0
	Brooke, Miss Annie Croft					0	10	0
	Bull, Mr. H							
						0	5	0

		I	ona	tions.	SCI	riptic	ons.	
		£	S	. d.	£	s.	d.	
Bunbury, Mrs. (the late)		2	2	0				
Α ,, ,,		10	0	0				
c Bushby, Miss					I	1	0	
A Calvert, Mrs		I	0	0				
c Calvert, Miss		I						
В ,, ,,		I						
A Carysfort, The Countess of		2						
B Cassan, Miss				-1.	0	2	6	
Cazalet, Mrs					5	5	0	
Cecil, Lord Hugh					5	0	0	
B Cecil, Lady Gwendolen					5	0	0	
D Children's Guild, The	(per				3			
Viscountess Maitland)	1.6	9						
dren's Dinners)		40	0	0				
D Children's Guild, The	(per	40	0	0				
Viscountess Maitland)	(PCI	24	0	0				
D Ditto ditto		100		0				
China, Hire of, Mrs. Farmer		15						
" " Miss Garratt			3	0				
" , Deaconess H		0	3	6				
Dan A T		0	4	0				
Chubb, Sir G. and Lady		0	3	6				
		***			5	5	0	
Chubb Harry W. Fa-		100	0	0				
. Chubb E Hugh Ess		10	10	0				
A Chubb, G. Herbert, Esq		I	I	0				
A Churchill, Mrs		- 1		0				
Clinton, Lady Florence Pelha	***	20	6	0				
4		50		0	5	5	0	
B		150	0	0				
c "					10	0	0	
D		I	0	0				
c Clothing, Girls' payments		3	2	4				
" Sales		5 29	3	7				
Cochrane, W., Esq. (per Mi		29	10	7		3.5%		
Heron Maxwell)		I	0	0				
		1	0	0				

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				Do	natio	ns.	Annu	al S		
				£	s.	d.		s.		
A	College, The, Bromley,	Ke	ent,				-			
	Offertory Fund (per	Rev.	J.							
	White, Chaplain)			1	I	0				
	Collins, Sir Robert, K.C.B.						2	0	0	
	Constance, Sister			2	0	0				
A	Cope, Mrs			5	0	0				
	Cutbush, Miss (collected by)		I	7	0				
					•					
	"Daily Mail Kipling Poem	Fun	d "							
	(per Alfred Harmsworth									
	Sailors' and Soldiers'									
	in Deptford			100	0	0				
A	Dellas Lada			2	2	0				
	Daniel Miss			-	~		I	I	0	
В							I	I	0	
	Darling, The Hon. Mr. Justi									
	Dauling Lad.				2	0	5	5	0	
В				18	3	9	5	5	0	
-	Dames Man			10	U	0	2	2	0	
	Delabter II 1 P						5	5	0	
p	D.: 14 M.						1	I	0	
	D 11 M AM 1						I	I	0	
В	/ 11		···			6	0	10	6	
ь	D'Eyncourt, Admiral E. C.			0	12	0				
	son, C.B									
	D'Eyncourt, E. Tennyson						2	2	0	
Λ	(Police Magistrate, Gree		sq.							
	and Mrs. D'Eyncourt									
	// To!			5	0	0				
	Dabbina E C E			I	10	0				
D							10		0	
ь	Downing, Mrs						0	2	6	
		rtine								
	Messrs						10		0	
	Drummond, Messrs						5	5	0	
	Dundas, Sir Robert, Bart						5	0	0	
	Dutton, Miss						2	2	0	
	Ell M									
	Edlmann, Mrs						I	I	0	

	Donations.	Annual Sub- scriptions.
Edwards, A. Lloyd, Esq	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Per A Lloyd Edward E		I I O
Per A. Lloyd Edwards, Esq. :		
Ayles, C., Esq	Tax bearing to	I I O
Dandridge, A., Esq		0 10 6
"Friend, A"	IIO	
Heald, F. W., Esq		IIO
Metcalfe, Miss		0 5 0
Robinson, John, Esq		IIO
Squires, Mrs. M. A		0 10 6
Taylor, G. W., Esq		I I 0
Worringham, T. E., Esq		0 10 6
B Watts, E. R., Esq	0 10 0	
Ellis, Mrs. (the late), per Miss Rix	I 0 0	
Fairbairn, Mrs	0 5 0	
Farmer, Mrs. (hire of Room)	0 10 6	
Farmer, Mrs. (Dinners)	I 0 0	
Female Court of Foresters (Rent)	0 2 6	
Fergusson, Lady (per Lady Jane		
Taylor)	5 0 0	
Fetherstonhaugh, The Hon. Mrs		I 1 0
В ", ",		0 10 6
B Feuvre, Le, Miss		0 5 0
Field, Mrs. (per Mrs. de Havilland)	0 10 0	3
В ", ",		1 0 0
Fitch, F. G., Esq		
Fitter and Son, Messrs. John S		5 5 0
Fleming Mrc P		2 0 0
Forsbrey, Messrs. R. J. and T. G.		5 5 0
Foster, Mrs Johnston		IIO
A "Friend A"		5 5 0
	10 0 0	
B Gardner, Miss Ada (collected by)	7 3 9	
Garratt, Miss B. (Rent)	0 10 6	
B Gaskell, Mrs	Time the state	0 2 6
c Gleadow, Mrs	0 6 0	0 2 0
B Gordon, Mrs		1 I O
Green, Mr. Alderman Samuel		
A Green, Rev. Walford, M.A	2 2 0	5 5 0
, and an in the same of the sa	2 2 0	

				D	onat	ions.		ual iptic	Sub-
				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
B Greenwich Police	Magis	trates		5	0	0			
A Greet, Mr. Ben	(profits	of E	nter-						
tainment)				152	10	6			
c Greet, Mr. Ben				2	0	0			
B Grundy, Rev. C. I	H., M.A	A					2	2	0
Gurney, Mrs. John	1						2		0
С ", ",				5	0	0		-	
D ,, ,,				0	4	6			
n Hell Man									
B Hall, Mrs							9	15	0
A Hamilton, Miss	***			3	0	0			
A Hankey, R., Esq.				10	0	0			
Hardcastle, E., Es	q.						2	0	0
A Hardman, Lady				1	I	0			
Harper, Mrs. (Ren	t)			0	7	0			
Harrison, Miss							0	10	0
Havilland, Mrs. De	е						I	0	0
в ", ",							I	0	0
A Heathcote, Miss B				I	I	0			-
A Heathcote, Miss L	. Boot	hby		I	I	0			
Herbert, Deacones	s			0	5	0			
,, ,,	(Ren	t)		0	5	0			
A Heygate, Mrs. (pe	er Mis	s Gm			3				
Rebow)				0	2	6			
в Hines, D., Esq.					4	0			-
Hirsch, Mrs								10	6
Hornby, Mrs. Leyla							5	5	0
Н., М.А					_		2	2	0
В "				50.	0	0			
с "				25	0	0			
D				20	0	0			
A Hoyle, Isaac, Esq.	•••			5	0	0			
Hunt, G. S., Esq.				5	0	0			
Hunt, Mrs. G. S.							3	3	0
Hutton T O F							2	2	0
Hutton, T. O., Esq.							2	2	0
Hutton, Mrs. T. O.							3	3	0
A Iveagh, Lord				20	0	0			

,, ,, (1900) ... I I 0 McSwiney, Mrs. 0 2 0 2 2 0

2 2 0

Macduff, Miss MacKinnon, Mrs. Dan

,, ,, (1900)

34

			35								
	e today				Do	natio	ons.	Annu			
					£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
A	McSwiney, Mrs.				I	I	0				
В	,, ,,							1	I	0	
	MacRosty, A., Esq.							5	5	0	
A	Maltby, Lieut. Gera				2	2	0				
В	Marchant, T. W., E	Esq.,	M.A.					5	0	0	
В	Marchant, Mrs.							I	I	0	
	Margesson, Lady Is							I	I	0	
	Marlborough, H.G.	The	Duche	ess of	10	0	0				
	Martineau, P. H., E	sq.						5	5	0	
В	Martineau, Mrs.							I	I	0	
С	Material, Sale of				I	0	4				
A	Maude, Mrs. Cyril				5	0	0				
	Mellish, Miss							I	0	0	
В	Mellish, Mrs.							0	5	0	
Α	Meath, The Counte	ss of			2	10	0				
A	Meyer, Esq., Ca	arl	(per	Mrs.							
	Martineau)				21	0	0				
	Mileham, C. H. M.,	Esq.			10	0	0				
В	Mileham, Mrs.							I	I	0	
A	Miller, Lady Mary				3	3	0				
	Miller, Mrs. T. A.				I	I	0				
	Monk, H., Esq. (2 y	ears)						4	4	0	
	Monro, Miss							I	0	0	
	Moore, The Hon. La							I	I	0	
A	Mount Stephen, Lo	rd			100	0	0				
	Mumford, P., Esq.				I	0	0				
		(K		,							
В	Newton, Miss								-		
	Norfolk, Mrs. C.							0	5	0	
		•••						I	I	0	
В	" "	•••						I	I	0	
	Onwen M C. 11						,				
В	Onyon, Mrs., Collec		by		I	17	6				
	Osborne, Lady D'A	rcy						I	I	0	
	Oswell, Mrs	•••	•••					0	5	0	
	Parker, Mrs. Archib	ald						5	0	0	
	Parr, Mrs							I	I	0	

	Donations.	Annual Sub- scriptions.
	£ s. d.	- Friend
Parr, Mrs. Cecil	~	I I 0
B Payne Mrs	0 10 0	
Penny Guild (per Mrs. Harrison		
Phelos Rev D I (Pont)		
Phillips, Lady Fandel	080	
A Phillips Lional Eco		2 2 0
A Pilkington R Fea	52 10 0	
Plaskitt, L. Fsa	. 5 5 0	e muit o
Pownall, Mrs		I I O
P Poundon Mas		2 0 0
Pratt, Lady Augusta	•	0 5 0
Pratt, Lady Eleanor	•	I 0 0
	·	I O O
Quincey, Miss		
gaincey, Miss	· common test	2 0 0
Rebow, Miss Gurdon	0 . 6	
B Rees, Mrs	. 0 1 6	I I O
B Reid, Mrs.	- H - H - H - G	0 5 0
Renton, J. Hall, Esq		IIO
Robinson, John, Esq	THE WATER	2 2 0
	2 I O	
Rochester Richar of	2 0 0	
		I 0 0
" " (1900)		I 0 0
B Rücker, F. G., Esq. (2 years)		2 2 0
D. C. Commanda Di. 11		
B S. German's, Blackheath, Offertory	11 15 9	
B S. James's, Hatcham	9 I O	
D St. John, LtCol	I 0 0	
St. John, Capt	1 0 0	I DENTAL DE
S. Nicholas', Deptford, Harvest		
Offertory (per Rev. A. T.		
Wallis, M.A.)	IIO	
B S. Paul's, Deptford, Men's Social	and the state of	
Club (Rent)	4 5 0	
B S. Peter's, Brockley, Offertory	17 18 3	
A Sandeman, Albert, Esq., and Mrs.		
Sandeman	5 5 0	
S. B. S	3 3 3	I I O
		I I O

					D	onati	ions.		ual S	
					£	s.	d.	f.	-	d.
	School of Domestic	Econ	omy		2	10	0	~		
E		,,			2	5	0			
A	Scotter, Mrs. Fred				5	0	0			
	C.C MILL I D.				5	5	0			
	Selby, Miss					-		0	2	6
A	Sharp, Herbert, Es	q.			100	0	0			
	Shaw, Miss E. J.				3	0	0			
	Short, Mrs							0	5	0
C	Sindall, Mrs				0	5	0			
A	Skinner, F. G., Esq.				2	2	0			
	Smith, Alfred D., E	sq.						I	I	0
	Smith, Mrs. Robert							I	I	0
В	Soames, Mrs							I	1	0
A	Somerset, H. G., Th	ne Du	chess	of	5	5	0			
	"Spoilt Cheques,"	Hon.	Treas	urer	0	0	3			
A	Stanhope, Earl				5	0	0			
	Stapleton, Sir F. and	d Lad	ly					2	0	0
	Stewart, Mrs. Charl	es						I	I	0
	Stodart, Mrs				0	15	0			
					0	2	6			
A	Strathcona and	Mount	t Ro	yal,						
	Lady				100	0	0			
В	Studdert, Miss (colle	ected	by)		0	12	0			
	T. II. 4 (T) 17 34									
	Talbot, The Hon. M							I	0	0
	Tarleton, A. H., Eso	1.			0	2	0	10	10	0
В								8	0	0
	Tarleton, Mrs.	•••			0	I	10	5	5	0
A	" "	•••			5	0	0			
В								3	0	0
	Tarleton, The Misses		3. & E	. F.				2	2	0
	Teichmann, Mrs.							5	0	0
	Templetown, Viscour							I	0	0
	Templetown, Viscou							5	0	0
	Thorne, Mrs							0	5	0
	Tippinge, Com. L. G							5	0	0
	Tippinge, Mrs. F. Ga	ırtside)					I	I	0

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					-		ons.	Anni	nal S iptio		
	T 11 P P				£	S.	d.	£	s.	d.	
	Tomkinson, R. E.,	Esq.						2	2	0	
A	Tracey, Lady				5	0	0				
	Turner, Mrs. (Rent)				0	10	6				
	Twiss, Mrs							I	I	0	
	Vezey, J. J., Esq.							I	I	0	
A					10	0	0				
A	Vintners' Company,	The			21	0	0				
A	Vivian, Mrs. Ralph				10	10	0				
E	Voysey, Mrs				I	0	0				
	Wallis, Rev. A. T.,	M.A. (Rent		0	5	2				
	Ward, W. H., Esq.					2	3	0	10	6	
A	Warde, Miss I.				т	0		0	10	O.	
		ected		•••	I	0	0				
A	Warde, The Misses	corou				12	0				
	,, Miss I.				3	3	0				
	" Miss A.							I	I	0	
	W. M.							I	I	0	
Α	Weddle, Miss (per M	ice A	 la Ca	ndnon)				I	I	0	
-	Wernher, Mrs. Juliu	155 11(0	-	0				
R	Wetherell, Mrs.	5	•••		25	0	0				
D								0	5	0	
	Whateley, Mr. and		ion.	Mrs.				I	I	0	
C	White, Miss C.	•••			0	10	0				
					5	0	0	2	0	0	
	Whittuck, The Hon.	Mrs.		•••				5	0	0	
	Wightman, C., Esq.							5	5	0	
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	Wylie, A. H., Esq.							I	I	0	
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В	" "R. J." …		2					
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	Sale of "About Deptford"	(per						
	Hon. Treasurer)		0	10	0			
В	Collected in Box at Refuge		0	4	8			
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	GROSS TOTALS	£3,	645	15	10	£403	10 (5

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DEPTFORD FUND.

...per annum,* or, as a Donation, towards the above Fund. I promise to subscribe £...

Cheques and Postal Orders to be crossed "Drummond's a/c, Deptford Fund."

Please address to-

ALFRED H. TARLETON, ESQ.,

Hon. Treasurer,

DEPTFORD FUND OFFICE, 50, BUCKINGHAM PALACE ROAD, S.W.

* It is requested that Annual Subscriptions be renewed on April 1st.

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mise Mutche has her fre. of this Committee for them years. The is an alle joury lady of strong character and probable a good or no ho or juniter; but I should say hite little or no how have been and did not here to know had of here district. M. Should be heating howen tal-Won her appointual. The working of the district was at left almost entired to the agent, who has also a parish club, and did the C.O.S. histories i i had- purphedly way. his I. claimis transfor that the C.O.S. has hot had a fam chance how and that Than has, her a considerate advance a three years. At far as I could gather howarm the only one of the dungs or maister with whom then is any clon cooperate is him Hough of the looping hisian. A good hang how hich ha of the Sorit orccainell

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The Depter and spending them hoot foolishly.

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June 25th. 1500. of the Granwich (.O.S. miss frant the Sec. of the frumnich C.O. S. what he to cake this horning al-11 o'clock. M- wer & day of tomatial Fam and the did not turn up, but the agent was exputing me and expused the spinion that he know as much of the district as the her the is a hice old fillow help ful. inte some care and exposed his approach of been little change in the poorer parts of francish:
on the whole true has her hun improvement. Due to some of the land his wited. Except among except. souther in the hinter any the hater side labourers.

prose of the first this the fact of the

The C.O.S. in francish class; to be in complete cooperation with all the clury, the only one who is in any way wastifiedly luni, him Reancy who "he, madob? his eccount and havid charch and charitable fails. The had satisfiedly parisher from the C.O.S. point of him are he Prooks Lamber and har Clark's.

In Prooks Lamber and har Clark's.

And the office. He said he had written him a letter efter been her (it ham amid) having been efter been her (it ham amid) having been found that he had left he with the composion

efter seeing he (it ham amid) having been pard that he had left he hit the impression that he was the only he had churchman it the might from how, the higher to concert this was include Rearry and Pages.

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Exhact from Kentish Mercury. June 29.1900.

THE DEPTFORD FUND AND SHAFTESBURY HOUSE REFUGE.

The annual meeting of this Refuge was held on Tuesday afternoon at St. Peter's Hall, Brockley, Lady Darling presiding over a fair attendance, including Mrs. Ruspini, Mrs. Tarleton, Mrs. De Havilland, Mrs. Lamert (secretary of the Deptford Fund), Bishop Barry, the Rev. C. H. Grundy (vicar of St. Peter's, Brockley), Sir Samuel Lewes, Colonel and Mrs. Blair Abbott, Mrs. Benwell, the Rev. A. T. Wallis (St. Nicholas, Deptford), Mrs. D. Hines, Miss Butcher, Mrs. Dewick (Blackheath), Miss Hogg, Miss Ethel Lloyd Edwards, Mrs. Howard Deighton, Miss Turner (Visitor), Mrs. Musgrove, Mrs. Needing, &c. After prayer by the Rev. C. H. Grundy, Lady Darling read letters of regret for non-attendance. H.R.H. the Duchess of Albany, president of the Deptford Fund, telegraphed from Germany her best wishes for a successful meeting.

Lady Darling read the third annual report. The committee recorded the satisfactory progress of their work. They could not as Christians help facing the grave problems presented by the social evil in their midst. It existed all over the Metropolis, but in Lower Deptford, as in other overgrowded and poor districts it assumed in presented overgrowded.

polis, but in Lower Deptford, as in other over-crowded and poor districts, it assumed in many cases a peculiarly sordid and painful effect. The work was both rescue and preventive. Their mission worker (Miss Turner), who had made herself mission worker (Miss Turner), who had made herself widely known and trusted, sought out each case, and, where possible, brought the girl to the refuge. It was the committee's rule, wherever practicable, to insist on the girl entering a home for six months, to be under religious influence and discipline and in healthy surroundings before again going out into the world to respectably earn her own living. The question of how best to aid girls from miserably evil surroundings, predisposed by parentage to drink and surroundings, predisposed by parentage to drink and vice, often of weak intellect and incapable of self-control, must always be extremely difficult; nevertheless, the result showed that where faithfully and persistently grappled with the difficulties could be met—sometimes solved. The Deptford Fund still continued to provide the means of carrying on the work, which would be extended to the Greenwich district, as the refuge shelter was now established in district, as the refuge shelter was now established in Circ: s street, Greenwich. The visiting of the mission worker had averaged 1,340 visits in the working year of 46 weeks, in addition to which the hours of night work might be calculated at about hours of night work might be calculated at about 500 during the same period. The number of cases dealt with was 133. The preventive work had been much increased. The committee appealed for continued local support.—Bishop Barry said the committee were doing an excellent and praiseworthy work. He was of opinion that the law did not go far enough to deal with the evil with which they had to cope. Of course the law could not go to the root of the vice, but it might go much further than it did in preventing its spread. The prethe root of the vice, but it might go much further than it did in preventing its spread. The preventive work was of course the most important, although that of rescue should go on without intervals. although that of rescue should go on without intervals. It was a very real and effective work, for they prevented the fallen being still further trampled down in the abyse of sinkandimisery, and restored them to their proper place in human life.—Mrs. Ruspini also addressed the meeting, and the report was adopted on the motion of the Rev. A. T. Wallis, seconded by Sir Samuel Lewes.—The Rev. C. H. Grundy proposed, and Colonel Blair Abbott seconded, a vote of thanks to Lady Darling, Bishop Barry, and Mrs. Ruspini, which was duly carried, and Lady Darling having replied, wishing the work every success, the proceedings terminated.—Miss Cassan, 23, Tressillian-road, St. John's, is the local hon. secretary. St. John's, is the local hon. secretary.

Hospital Sunday Collections

The following exhaet from The Kentish Mercuny' of June 29th gives some idea of the relative financial shength of the churches in the S.E. Dubict.

HOSPITAL SUNDAY COLLECTIONS	
Appended are the amounts 11 1 C	200
24th inst., in the various local churches and chapels	,
particulars have reached us In June, so far a	8
opportunity for comparison we sine in the for	4
E year: Kentish Pregramy June 29/190	0
St. Alfege 1900.	72
Christ Church	
Church of the Emmanuel 2 12 4 8 2 11 (a) St. Peter's 7 17 7	
Lewisham - road Rantiet 717 7 5 5 5	
St. Mark's Presbyterian 10 1 6 5 12 0	
Church 34 10 7 41 2 6 Seamen's Hospital 2 18 6 3 3 2	
Danson	
Christ Church 7 17 0 6 6 0	
St. Luke's 59 11 1 43 0 2	
(b) New Cross Weslovan 67 17 8 65 5 1	
Lewisham High word C 7 17 3 8 13 5	
gregational Church, 33 0 0 50 0 0	
street 6 4 6 6 1 0	
St. Peter's St. Peter's	
. 10. 0 114 0 0	
. St. George's	
Chapel 15 5 11 14 15 6	
(c*) Wesleyan Church 10 6 10 8 3 7	
St. James's 65 12 3 79 9 4	
Corpus Christi College Miss 3 9 7	
All Saints' 5 10 4	
LEWISHAM.	
St. Mary 60 0 0 47 2 9 St. Stephen's 31 8 5 17 0 0	
St. Stephen's	
Wesleyan Church, College	
Algernon - road Congrega-	
CATROPP	
St. Laurence 24 5 8 23 6 6 Southend Chapel 20 8 4 12 3 9	
Church Congregational	
Wesleyan Church 10 16 11 6 17 0	
St. George's PERRY HILL. 37 14 6 40 5 5	
Christ Church FOREST HILL.	
Reckley rice	
Congregational Church,	
Queen's-road 4 10 0 6 9 7 German Church 10 12 0 9 9 0	
St Augustina's HONOR OAK.	
SYDENHAM.	
St. Bartholomew's ! 100 13 0 103 14 1	
St. Philip's 31 5 6 28 15 6	
Church in the Grove	
Wesleyan Church 10 0 0 11 0 0	

Christ Church 46 12 1 42 17 11	1
St Mildwedda 17 16 4	
The Good Shepherd 8 0 0 10 0 0	
Bantist Chanel 15 7 10 13 4 4	
Вария Спарет 10 13 3 8 5 8	
Church of the Ascension 47 0 0 37 15 4	
St. Germans	
St. James's 219 2 10	
WESTCOMER PARE	
St. George's 24 0 0 13 0 0	
Christ Church SHOOTERS' HILL.	
Carnena	
St. Dake's 17 0 3 16 14 6	
Woolwich. 8 11 0 9 1 9	
(e) St. Mary's 14 7 11 16 13 8	
St. George's Garrison Church 17 1 0 9 10 0	
St. John's ——— 9 3 9 Wesleyan Church, William-	
Street 4 0 6 4 17 0	
Postony place Comment in 1	
Church 29 18 6 29 1 0	
St. John's 116 6 1 1 6	
PLIMETRAN	
St. Margaret's 14 17 10 15 0 0 St. John's 3 0 0 6 10 0	
St. John's 3 0 0 6 10 0 St. Mark's 6 17 0 CHISLEHURST.	
St. Nicholas 337 11 7 290 15 2	
Church of the Appunciation 94 0 0	
(f) St Andrews	
CAMBERWELL.	
St. Giles 22 0 6 25 15 4	
St. Giles	
St Chrysostom PECKHAM.	
St. Autholin's 11 15 0 10 10 2 St. Autholin's 17 13 9 10 5 3	
All Saints', North Peckham 171 15 0 170 11 9	
(g) Lordship - lane Bantist	
Christ Church BEOMLEY O Christ Church	
Christ Church 9 12 5 12 11 3	
St Luku's Bromley common 11 0 0	
Holy Trinity, " 13 6 0 14 10 0 St. John's " 35 3 5 37 0 5	
St. Mary's, Shortlands 35 3 5 37 0 5	
Holy Trinity, " 13 6 0 14 10 0 St. John's 35 3 5 37 0 5 St. Mary's, Shortlands 35 11 6 51 3 6 Congregational Church 64 0 0 72 0 0 PLAISTOW.	
St. Mary 4 2 7 4 10 3	
(a) The collections in the Sunday Schools and Rible	
(b) To be divided equally between the Hamital Sunday	
Fillia Riid the Dentiora Pention Society	
(c) In addition to this amount £13 17s. 11d. was collected on the previous Sunday towards the Miller	
Inspired and the Denevolent Society	
(c*) £13 44. 2d. has only recently been forwarded to the Indian Famine Fund.	
(d) £47 has been recently sent to the Indian Famine	
and war runus.	
(e) A large number of toys were brought by the children at the children's service and offered for the	
Conuren's Hospital.	
(e*) Including £4 17s. 3d. from Mission Church of All Saints', New Eltham.	
(f) For the Eltham and Mottingham Cottage Hognital	
(g) Part given to the Surgical Aid Society.	
The state of the s	

Mr Joseph Baster, London City Amsonnay & misching the Publichouses & Coffeehouses & Settlerd. 39 Vesta Road, Brockley. N.E. 1

Rev. P. Hopsewell, the Wesleyan Immater, recommended and to see In Baseter, as he knew Deptford well. She is a hall old man with a white stubby beard. Has been a fine man in his day but is now heavy looking and show. Ob is mind however is active; he speaks well, chosing his works deliberately, and has a certain dignity of manner, which possibly helps him his task.

Obe has been 44 gears in Deplood. When he came, Douglas Thell was being built, the drahud legand to the west being market gardens. The bulk of the propulation lived east of the High Theet and New King Thut. North of Evelyn Sheet, where Dacca Har Sheets now are, was Brimowick Square some cottages occupied by poor Insh. They have cottages occupied by poor Insh. They have shifted to Hyde Theel, which is poorer than it was a shifted to Hyde Theel, which is poorer than it was a shifted to Hyde Theel, which is poorer than it was a shifted to Hyde Elearances have gone to Bronze to Knott Sheet. Berthon Their was at that time a part of the Trinity Bround.

Along Evelyn Ghul, Blackhorse Theel was then occupied by wood choppens. The Woodputer to Rolf Gheel was open Juilos. Near the Woodputer Rolf Gheel was open Juilos. Near the wood dus Road as a few cottages show but the wood dus not so through to rew Cross. In get there, one had

had to go to High Sheet or to Edward Sheet (then known as Lowing Edward Lane).

At this time 8Ms B. had a drahuel west of High Glow + south of Evelyn Gues and weld an non boulding as a nussion Hall. This has sence given place to the Hall now used by Mr Warlow, The people stick to the neighbourhood have of the parents + people he meets are the children he knew when he visited the district.

Expecially to this true respecting the number of faller women, who well runnicious in liffen Itall. The law (?) making solicitation a crime made a great difference in Deptiford.

The number of publichouses has deceased within the last 10 or 12 years. Thirty two houses have been closed. Of these 10 were in the mill Lane portion of John's parish; 3 in Wellington Glass (The new Creek Road), 2 min the Cattle Months. Licenses were obtained easily in those day, hence the mumber round the Cattle Market. It is very difficult now to get a license.

While the number of publishouses has decreased, the bar accommundation has largely in weased. The Brown Bear in High Shed was Kept by an old couple and was almost deserted. It has been transformed and is now

The character of the publichouse depends on the publican. Many of the men are much better than their trade.

House have special kinds of hade. Those man the market are specially by the men with. I market. Near the docks are a few houses that do a high trade with morning 10.30 to 11 - when they are crowded. The men come out to hunch in two bradehes batches to A memberg houses are known as worners houses: The Pilot, High Theel.

The morning is the time to see these houses except on however, when the women go in the afternoon. They have no dunner to cook of do not need to go marketing in the morning

In Bastes misits at all times, but generally in the mirining and evening. The afternoon is the slack time, when the people are resting. It is well received. It a house he cannot go into. I now them one is crocketty but he generally gets of over it. The people will chaff, ask him to have a glass. Ite has made it a rule never to drunk in a pub. not even a glass of water. people might pay it was gin. Ite avoid the appearance of evil, I hades reparted which the men take like "Shot one to him, Bob!

not much drunkenness seen. The people go and get their goes and off again except to the Da evening. Not so many drunker women are seen now but many more respectable working meno wibles go in for their drops. Some like to conceal A. He told an among inclded of this. Entering the Silot, he saw a woman he keeen in the opposite bar: she drank her dequor and went out hastily to aword him. From these he went to the Innee Regert - the woman was, she had come to change a sixpense she said famickly left. Howood mundorately after he saw he in another house and the time she had no suspense to change The Heate of musichall have not improved matters, but they do not seem to have made a a great change in the amount of druking. He has often stood and looked at the nows of respectable working people waiting to get in. The tradeamen (pul teoffee house) complain that these establishments are no good to them. An Italian cope farm something but on B. thinks he is the only one.

The Churches are not so active as he would like to see them and there is not much to choose between them. It James's Hoteham is the most influential. howe are doing so well as years ago except It James.

It John's has a museron in Harlow Sheet, The church 1000 good down because the droked was divided. Il Peters & Emanuel both draw from it. The district has also declined socially. In Salvine Read's church (High It Cong) was very influential when In B. came. The people flock to Lewisham High Road (Rev Justin Eraus) obecause they get better served, mi Evans is perhaps the most active is the district. Wesley and used to be in the Building is many Am Blogs, now used by the Salvation Army Since that they have built four places lif · Brockley, New Cross Road, Lower Road and Kitto Road. Halvation Army did well at first but have propped off - owing mi B. says to the pressure of Junancial difficulties & disagreements. Koman Catholics are mostly Irish but have made some headway with the English. Get their place filled on Sunday morning. Their schools are a great burden to them. Speaking generally, mi Baster thinks that the churches have made great advances during the time he has been at Deptford. Thus in the Church of England there were only for clergymen in the district : -

Now there are 24 clergy. eq.

Let Paulo (3), At Incholar (2), At Luke (3), St John (3), St Peter (1)

Let James (5) All Saints (3), At Catherine (2) + SI marks (1?) + 2.

A similar state of things is Journ with the non
cond. who have multiplied their places of worship.

and the L. C. In. more 10 as against 6 mission and the district.

nove. Indifference to real spiritual work is general. The men take an interest in racing betting and things of that description. All the puts. Lake the sporting papers and you see them poring over the racing lists.

There is much bad language but its character has changed. Do not hear so many oathor - D. - te but more filthy band obscent expressions and this from women and children as well as men.

July 17:1900. Freenwich. Musich 8:41. D Interview with Mr. J.W. Plegdell 8 Mr. Hicks head was ter & head mistres respectively, of the Randall Mace Schol. Greenwich. Mr. Plegdell is a round tubby man, mille height, monstache turning gry , head turning bald, pleasant voice between 40 × 50, lorks × talko a little like a Scotchman. Mr. Hicks is a laty of a certain age dossoci in shirt collar y tie, not very attractive in manner but not exactly very plain to book at - When you as Red her anything the W. Jay Well now

9 400 girls. St. Retus school 'held in an The chapel! has perhaps 200. If anything they wi he slightly better of then the Bilder but ther but much to choose. The parents are realfall Cabours: by few Atisans mostly in gesworks, noeside, Coal cats, a few railway men. True hos--tile to school. No child stayte longer than 14, y very few in. · deed over 13. Many too much wanted at home. Inothers with many children every for them to take it in turn to miss school m. P. Cot ut a return tro years ago of thre who were employed out of school Lours. in this list Paper Boys were tetral as being at work 30 t 39 hours alann. Thop boy 34 hrs, general boy 30 hrs, & a

very bad: When her P came there were to Top returned as receiving truants. In he has about 12. Tempstation of Deptford Crek, River, (nemnich Park, especially in Januares. Attendance officer almost constants Employed in this neighbourhood - But the

tingularity withing towhat it was when Mr. P was here as fuite a long man-Schrol was taken over by the LSB in 1874

Came to hew poinises in 1878- Nast cularge. - ment made in 1859 - Now the choldren of

parents who have been at the Jehrol are coming. This accounts for greater regularity

Y absence of hotility. What is the most in portant thing least by a child at school! Both Mr. P& Mr. H Said 'Self-ropect! Borts & clother are provided of the Blackheath Road School Y also of the police magistrate at of the poor box; but for the latter gm have to have a good read for regular attendance. It of snorth for moster to soy fairly repland he must-certify to the number of times attended in the last & weeks-No Fostball, no cricket, no uniform Convected with the school; but his? has stated a Swinning club which is Jacces ful - Wester The Fortball Club that mee chister fell through owing to the

interference of Joy. work with the Saturday 6 matches. Plenty of play frounds near school in 5th Alpheges Rd Barial from & prenuch Park. In principle his Places nothing inth his bys out of school. Henty of work without that! Does not visit parents except exceptipally. There are attendance officers for that There is a hight selend but his Plets others manage it entirely. Here are many word for mud Randell Mace than mind UW Wortwich Road School v Ken an prot a grater Number of the casual class to Ical with: but nothing at be greater than the 1. Herna between the methods of Mr. Plestell v kone of mr. Wagstaffe.

The class of boy I saw in the playround? Cooked no poorer than those at Old Worlingh Her attendance is 85%. after Whitmonday it fell to 50% hethad come back to homal by the Thursday. Mr. P. makes speat use of the medal of Restreet for regularity. 46 webs. Ince, ne week, one class had a per feet week Int the whole school has here approached it. Too much sporavie sicknessina district like this - in 1894 8 of diptheria. 4 typhin v. 9 scalet fever among children - in 1696. 2 typhind. 21 scallet, 20 d. J.k., 2 enterie. Except of measles there are no exceptionics--Dist is healthy when you consider it houses'

It I start the medical officer say that & by rights every horse between the school The river should be fulled down-Penny Bank is very Jucces ful. 200 bys 249 Juls. connected with Post-Office Jarreys bank - The waver drawn out is not spent during treats or on Mn Hieks sogs the chide with as much mon realer than the top, more dozile, like coming to school, never play truent, Hour an horrid little story tilles! This 6 their worst vice- Bys ar mon truth tul- Doth use Lonest. Frat stress land n Longoty - Mrs H has never had toplay

for stolen school property - Very different? , she said, to Jone schoolo. Both Cits stop choose their schools to Ane extent. This me is noted for him a poror class so that the botter off will Hdo go as for as Royal Still or Black. - feath Road. Sits generally been sometic servant. All Grennich , Blackheath supplied. No courter attractions in the shape of Factory work - Tim factory in protestion beginning to draw away some - Girls want A cir wenings fre - grater independence sought. Boxes of sevants rising. Two years als at the age of the the would

wage was 16 per wh with board: 10 now we girl will go for less than 2/6. Both said the School was a prater in-- Huence for good than any other religions I social effort in the District. Neither were particularly plas to see me pustion then will answer my written in paper-

This school trans from the promot streets in East Freenaich i used to be a noted place for trants - The class of boy is low. The parents indifferent to Ichooling of the opportunities for truency, with the River on me vide v The Stath on the other, exceptional. Mr. Wagstafte is a vigorous ymag man between 35,40. married. Las been here 22 year. Short curly hair, brisk manner, mildle height well. Knit; He came here from a well tools

B! School in the Black heath Road. The hunter of boys now on the roll 6 240. In 1898 it was 202. The peculage of attendence for the month was 85.7. Ten years ago it was between 81-87 To. Now the percentage varies between 92 , 95%. except after a Dank Holdog. after whit monday last the attendance tell from 94% to 85%, , it has taken a whole month to work it up again. Tive them another holiday not a Bank Holiday Sap Mr. W. The disorgan. ifetin is greater when every body is Joing nothing at the Same time. He

The problem before here We when he came was 3. 19 to stop truency - 20 truant were comma then. y to increse attendance. It studied his climatile " decided that they Could only be attracted through their huscles. They were rough active bogs, in. - (olcrant of anything in the shape of Betreint or compulsion. The paruli wer ather indifferent or dishiked the idea that their children she hade to do anything Aut was not an order from themselves. Gymnasium & games have fen The rist causes of his suckess - Ite gives special attention to cricket, for ball & swimming. It is the ambition of every boy to represent

his school at one or the othernatches every Saturday; each XI has Special colours , every member a bast containing cap, coat, she't, knicke bockers stockings & shoes to take home a triday night. I bring back on handag-Mr. W thinks that others are aft to inderrate the value of a uniform. He wites especially the increase in self respect that follows. Ragged bops sees that they can look like any other lops when well drased; it had never entered their heads before. The there is solf respect there is the solf notraint hecessary to act up to gone

appearance. There is also the personal clean. 5 - Circos that apart from special provess is a sine qua. Lon of wearing the clothes. At the outset each toy had to strip to for her w to shew that he was clean, now it it no longer necessary. In a general way he fights filtheren of getting the Soz for Prov of Coulty to children to prosecute the parationist kent was the Josiety prosecutes. Mr. W does not him. solf uppear in East that the Society along tries to make him. It fiels it wil not do for him to appear officially. But the parally Kunstall enough that he begitaft, is

the Gausa Causans. He has managed to reclothe all who reeled it by an appeal for old clother to his old B! Sch. papils in the Blackheath Road. Mr. bagstaffe is at the Jehool before 9 till after 12 i then a gain form 2 till 4.30 or later. Bojo an cuies now to deal with them in Enlier dop because they come up to him for the Infants school. Me Gop have at 14 - at Blackheather ther often stayed on tell 15 or 16. The has started a night-school to keep in truck with old scholes. 391 m roll of whom 79 come - inveryled by the 85m.

nd of East strut. Drink. no bop get domk! it is not the Custom, nor do boys nied the excitement. Not the least have to them in feliching beer. Their lives are passed so much in an at. mosphere of drink that they take absolute gras ute of it. Gandling. Icerasing he Amiks - Owing to wifler. - sna of school tracking. Pitch too suc. · vives. 'Dut they to it as a game, unem--scions of the Lean in it. Loyalty. Spoke highly of their loyalty. Whin. They w! Langthing in the world forme, anjour of them. l'arouts. Las rever been altacker of them. But Ym want tact , decision in dealing with

them: lood hostility to compulsors schooling 9 5 dying mt. I unishment. In counst thrash these bop int any thing. They have always been thipped herder by their parals for smaller ofen. Ics: that they have so particular feeling for conjunal punishment as smething to be ashamed of. Mr. W took he mad the school rooms-Rour 3th temperature 75-77 in the class rooms which ar large rain, with all bindons open - In Germany, he said, the Schools shut when the temperature naches 75. All by bur awake. I wo wen standing out because they fell as leep. one had been strawberg picking at Kid

Kirbrorke lest night between 2.30 17.30 10. 93 9 after 12 kms sleep had to come to school. In especially good lesson being given an tatural seience on the Torratic system all wester and answer leading from one posit to another. Every boy Eager to answer Many their hand up & braning forward. The subject. The effect of friction.

July. 12. 1900. Greenwich mod of 17
Annandale R. E. Greenwich.

Mr. Snewwich.

Mr. Snewwood is an old man of 65 the old most active of the managers of the old Workingh R! School Board of which Mr. Wagstafe is the head.

Mr. Grenword was interviewed at his own special request. It has white hair i brand, guash black felt hat, frock coat brand, guash black felt hat, frock coat work like a noncon himister. It holds your hand for healf a minute when your hand for healf a minute when prosess

pressure: le lume Thaws y can hardly deliver himself of a syllable under a minute. Ite talked for heavy an hour but I could not get much not of him about the district. Ife used to be head of a congregationalist Church in Somes Town. At that time he how in Stight gate which he considers a healthier place than & Grennich -It used to be in business in Paternoter Row under Stoucham a publisher. It still is en some histers but has much leisur which he doorted to school children & mission work among the riverside labour. -ers. His eldest som is a the Stock Exchange r hi Jeens son is a compretimatist minister

minister utside Chicago. Last year he gave up his sitting at a congr. ch. in fraisch because he felt that he was more of a unitarian than a congretamalist. It is a tollower of Dr. Martineau in that he can ·ceives raligion to be the emocions personal Blatimship of the human with the owne Dring - It believes in Christ but not that Hurs born of a Virgin. Ite does not believe hi all the Bible. He would worship in any church if only in order to ke hur. the keep alive that tender little plant of revernce which exists in everyme—as wendell stolmes putit het hot in a ritualist or Roman church because

he cannot stand their superstition about transubstantiation. In books he is somdest of Ruskin, Haxley v Dr. Maltineau - It deplored the want of honesty, charity or tolerance in the Ceases of Rhizions thought said that it was as articeable in the Free Churches as in the Established Church - Except to Swoke Lambet, a chaming man, who Cannot be said to belong to any church as far as dogma goes! He speaks often in public. The one reform that is hearst his heart is Pensions for the old : Itwi do more god then any other messere: of all proposals he considers C.B.;

the best. Tell him from me to make the 5 age 60 , stick to it! Hewas much pleased When I promised to send him 'Mage fensions the aged poor. Mr. Green wood chief power is with men & children. 'I get at the men by chamming up with them, speaking straight varining runbag. He brings them to the Evening School. gets allages fom 14 to 35. The school hall is converted into a Symmasium - The men ar attracted by The gym + some will stay on to learn arithmetie - It has of 391 names an The wening school list & of them is an average attendance of 75. With

the children Mr. Si line is to encourage revereue møpeet i good mannes ab their outward sign. Not for their Bible teaching but for their encourage--ment of good behaviour loss he Commend Sunday Schools- as more then Sufficient justification of their xistena. Mr. Gis an camest à vilorrus mjidet old gentlevan het he takes a mighty long time to express himself.

Oct. 16. 1900. Dist 48. 48. Interview with Mr. C. H. Grinling at 37 Rectorz Place Woolwich. I went to see hir Grinling so Secretary of the worlines, Flunstead a Charlen Mursing Arrociation: het as will be seen Islaw he is a good deal more than that. Mr Grinling is kestween 35 pages: middle Leight: clear shaven, large zars, Jak, agly with rather a chaming expression. Heen, convinced, talks very fast y fluent. · ly with a pleasant voice: wear wearing

a Hannel shift wed tie v Knikkerbocker. 2 Or his table à brochuse on Fabianism r the Impire: a pians at me and of the room: photos of pictures by Watto * Italian hadonnas. Sketches by hadong atists over his mantespicee , a Janagra tigure. Iver his writing table where Plotos of Josen, Walt Whitman & Tolkston "The three ptophets of the nineteenth century "he called them: 'the only hen The have preached the Sopel in modern Canguage & Lave in ter footed it so that it may be understood. He has worked 12 grass in Grenwich. Before that he was a church

afteration to come in my time. oh leaving the Church hr 9 took up Cos work: he was secretary of the workwich tranch. Itis ein was to make things work together: to see what there was first 4 then to organize it so in to produce Hetire roults & proent overlapping. For this Worlwick is a favorable spot-It is not of Lowdon: its people are different From Londones: The Arranal & Jocky and make a Kernel of stability: steady work I steady men = it is not affected my metro. politan juestino: its population stage or comes to stay: in the older part of the Im Everyone is a relation of everyone also: In the never

Here who come mean to remain i a great many of them buy their own houses. As Cos secretary him & spent his along in maintaining 6 Secretaries; my our tiny income was sufficient for myself: were were very Efficient & successful in organizing means of help- Under him the Woodwich, Plumstead r Charten Nursing Committee was formed: * en Invalid Childrens Aid Committee. a Pensions Committe: Childrens Country Hollog of a Provident Dispensing. Its Committee was to be the centre of all charity in. the Diobrict, aining at helping the helping of the pour I putting them in touch with

in the report for, 93 which he gave me, in only 99 cases did the applicant come in the first case to the Committee. After this Mr. E. took up a strong line on Pensions: taking his Booths line: he lectured or it 'hir Booth came & spooke forme', at a time when the Cos were fighting on the other side. The Central accused him of dis loyetty Le sterd his risignation which was accepted It was not Lock's fault, he is a good , houst man i if he had seen me personally, all w! Lave been explained! her & committee were furious; the local doctor solder his home * carriage * Save hus & the money: an opposition

Committee was talked of. Mr. & said no that ? his function was to make things so smoothly. It ask the Central to Send John a good man " Starold Togute came. Mr. Eworked for two years under him to show there was no hotility on his part: then left for work in connection with the Aseral Cooperative Tocicty, Jubiler nuses, Y hniversity extension. Laner "good March · working succeeded Togatee het neither with only one secretary & only giving half time to Woodwich can do as much as has done before. her Ewaits: he thanks that in a year or two the C.O.J will again fall paturally into his hands. At to Church men - Excreet is the best of them all, all round: open minded, able

surgetic, a good speaker, carries the thought 8 the Section of the Working dess with him: wragge is the ablest of them all intellectually has worked under Benett, but no personal charm, but a great power intellectually morally. Hughes. shere with Socretitle Freaker popularity - good speaker, sociation, detive- Doherty. Les been here longest, est tod. Lester - a new man with the meting of a good jason: Ogle. The best man after Screet all round; " Momis: good, Evangelical: Henring- old fashionel, a Good Scholar, preaches a harrow goopel, gets at all the sice old fashioned men thomen, - people who are very keen about foreign missions

But only with the greatest lifficulty can be 9
get to give 20% towards the hurses they \$50 toward Foreign missions! medllestes. not much. of the Noncons. Wilson - out of the way the most popular. not a man to touch him for Congregation. rather narrow theology, homely Speech, but suits a section section of the knowking man down to the ground- Abel at Rectory place Congregational chapel just Keeps a congregation together is a good man but not remarkable: maintains the societies Stated of that mot remarkable man Vyner who prueded him. To Vyner is due the training of all the best public men in Woolwich today. have

None of the cleasy have their Churches full si- 10 ther morning or evening. They are a great moral force & are better men in intellect & training than the Noncoro but they don't appeal to the horking classes as a body. Two things for-· best the Success of the Established Church with the masses I their education of the Suspicion that they are not ginte sinces? in the views they profess - The Church is Sup. josed to hold certain views vis paid condition a kolding them. Many don't how those views but can't afford to give up the living. in consequence there are certain questions on which they cannot meet the working wan with a difect answer. It his trusts them accordingly. Always excepting a certain élite who can make

make allowances for circumstances & with " these men the Church is more successful then the Noncons "hit reso the conjugations I pocaet, ogle v morrio. In spite of this suspicion of insincelity the Church wil have larger emporgations if it could become to the perferred eloquence or claptrap of the ording honcon." with its harrow gopel, intolerance & denunciation. But men brought up like those we have here could never to that! The working men is ignorant, fors not like to be told things in a language he does not undertand 9 is inclined to forester the nomen in consequence. her & thinks that the future is with the chife

because on the whole the wen there take 12 Groades views & look more to the future. But their views will need gradual modification, shich will come from without I think, from the teaching of gopel interpretation given by Tolotoi , Walt Whitman: As to Colonel Stughes - who is Vesting class of a member of Parliament for Woodwich! me of the astutest wen that ever breathed' on the whole he has done good to Woodwich because it has tended to enhance The Espertation of Col. Styles. but where permy ambition deshes with Public Good the Patter has togive way. Some things an wroked at that should not be 7 his & Teplores the the set by such a member- Everyou knows that

he brites at Election times but he plays off one 13 against another, leads of his accuses on side is ones that he can't be caught. He can tell you the occupation & interests of everyone of his electors! At this point Scout the Rector of Si Mary's care in yours in the conversation. Itonding. good. The worst of the hillers in Plum. - stead are the small men who have been Horking men themselves: hild the worst house + rack nut the most. Iren is me ustable ex--ceptim who having made his toture & ret. field still lives in the hihard & spends his money in Keeping his property in good order. Cameron Corbett M.P. is a lage hilder. This policy to buy estates mild houses " Ill then outright treehold , all. Hither green was wilt Fold in this way. I have he

5 laging John 5000 Lonoes between Plum. 14 - stead & welling. It hilds well 1 tells for believe 3. 400. The Swall builders commot compete with him in price. Here are a few slummy sports in Woodwich bet autside Rope gard Rails etc. Maris Street, Dicey strut there is no real crowding or hebitual dist in Woodwich. Prostitution. a very difficult question , me that is always coming to the front here. The soldiers we bad but it is not only the Miers who are to blame Jaid hr. Cocret. Arrend men are like them I married hen as well as single- Neither his Garling w! favour licensed houses. Mr. E recognizes al the arguments for them: Lesays that Col. Gates who has charge of the arrangements for clearing

the Common at last enfesses with sorrow 15 that he is almost in favores of them, having told Mr. E that the only thing that has kept him Som fromouncing for them is a feeling that it can't be right to facilitate the doing of what is wrong: this is also he Escrats View. The question is whether it is a greater firmy to leave things as they are: Jamage to. ture generations ête. Mr. Esercet w? not pronounce definitely against, Leving been shaken by Col Yetes who is an very religious man of an evangelical turn of mind. Grinling is definitely against on the ground that public pronouncements legislation must set up an ideal v raise tous:
To allow licensed houses w? he to lower moral

Tone I grin hig said that the ideal was that the sexual connection she may be for the repor-· Justin of the speciels. Recognize the pleasase. Taking is a pleasure. Let to live, not forcatings -sake: " he applied it to the relation of the sexes. Excret said encourage rally marriages but al. . ded that marriage was getting later especial · G among the fairly confortable. The women who come to Woodwich ex for the hist part, middle aged, have been at the hoin cos for many year. They don't like fring women to take it up, saying that it is he business for them. Four or five proceeding of the younger women in our homes have been sent up there by the other prostitutes Said baret. Mr. Grinny

Printing then gave me a batch of firsted 7.

matter [which I have placed with the watered

for Dist 48] with short comments.

Pamphlet.1.

J. Acmo & work of the C. J. S in Charlen

Plumotead 1 Woodwich.

"Charity organization stands for two ideals—the ideal of individuality of the ideal of asovainideal of individuality of the ideal of asovaintion: "The me is the gropel of character, the
other the gospel of brotherhood." "Love
that the gospel of brotherhood." "Love
must be the link between the gives " the
must be the link between the gives " the
receiver." "Pessistence of personal friendship
receiver." "Pessistence of personal friendship
as a keywork of charity."

Woolwich Plumstead & Charlen Nursing
Association: in 1891
Stated by the Co.J. how on its own legoStated by the Co.J. how or its own legoJustice year 1891. it had I Muse; Money
in raise

raised was \$103: Money Spent \$84: 18 1 clubs vocieties gave \$7. in 1899. 5 Nurses: \$468 raised: \$488 spent: \$10 given by 66 clubs + societies: Charches, chapel, societies, trade i riendly, i individuals all contribute tilling of the now reekons on an annual in-· come of \$500 - As a Queens Diamais Jubiler Menorial heavy 2500 was raised with which two houses were bright freshold where the hurses live, in Nightingale Place. The nurses are ladies, paid a little higher than the minimum rate of head waters in order toget the pick. When they first started chronie cases were the most usual; now there are more sugical cases. Not that there ere est just as many chronic cases in the

district, but the hurses have taught those 19. in charge how they she look after the infirm of how they can manage by the emselves: "The aim of all my work is to teach."

3. Provident Dispensary. formed by to secure on cooperative of prov. · Went principles, efficient hedicalattendance I hedecine for the working classes I all other persons who, though mable to pay ordinary medical -ses, get do not desure to seek or are not justified in seeking charitable aid. Single cards 6?] per month. Family. In return nembers select am doctor from medi. - cal slaff who will attend of provide medecine her grinlings idea of a provident dispensary in connection with the COT was to get rid of

the abase of hospital letters is ont patients 20 department. Itop. letters were never given until the applicant has been examined by the Dispensing Joetor. On his advice letters were given to special hospitals. Many applicants are much better treated locally a many saved the risks i cold treated locally a many saved the risks i cold of avaiting in the sulpatients depositment. The of avaiting in the sulpatients depositment. The of avaiting in the sulpatients deposit ment. The of avaiting in the sulpatients deposit ment. The of avaiting in the sulpatients deposit the demand for effect was to reduce greatly the demand for the spital latters.

4. Invalid Childrens lid Association.

There wester invalid child is attached a visitor who becomes a friend & reports when occasion arises for hospital or convales cent treatment for surgical appliances or for country air.

1893 - 118 chi Osin: 28 visitors:

95. 174

99. 184

Woodwich: Plumotead Children's Happy Evening Association.

"The Happy Evening Rosociation knows of very few really "haughts' children: but it knows a great many whose "Jear papas are poor."

Hypers met weekly to lean kinder gallen

Stepen met wækly to lean Kinder gallen Sames. Appeal for helper: small number of helpers! lage number of children to be entertained.

University Extension:

Lectures stated in 1897.

Proceeding from Vioneer teaching to conProceeding from Vioneer teaching to continuity of teaching: then to widening of
teaching field: from a single course of
teaching field: from a single course
tectures to four. on Stictory, Literature
Servanics + Science: Spending 293 with a
Servanics + Science: Spending 293 with a
Servanics of \$24. (vid pamphlets britten by Spinling)
My

Mr. Frinting gave also. Report of Woodinch Poly Richnic. Prospectus & Jime lable for the sessin. 1899-1900. Leaflet on Does Philanthropy prevent or perpetuate poverty.

Philanthropy the love of men: When don

is there is Progress. Comrade ship. Nos. 182. it à the jour ral of the Royal Isenal Coop Society. rid. pg. of No1. for the Wacatinal Societie ni Woodwich. Brotal Fam experiment of the Coop soc. Pamphlet of the wrolineh Sist Trades " Labour Council ion the Borongh of Woodwich & the Lousing Greation. Argument that the Borough of Woolwich should by land & let honoco. In this

Connection it sh! be remembered that 23 the Coop Soc. have just (Oct. 162) laid I mu 4000 houses on the Bostal Cotate: while Cameron Cribeth MP according to Mr. besset 6 to hild 5000 between Plumsteed Milling. Pamphlet of Royal arenal Coop. Sox: Elin -cational Dept: setting for the invaluable Educational offertunities offered of the bring Continuation Schools of the District. All the Report of the Special Committe of Juying on Education, appointed by the Worlinch Cooperative Congres. 1896. All the above have been part with the material for Dist 48. This is a long rate bling interview but him.

Triving is rather an exceptional man. though poor he gave up the Church of the Cors Secretaryship for conscience sake: + stranger still continued to work actively & amicably with both. He seems to have a Knack of making all sorts pull together. And if his ideals dat run him ahead of his experience will probably. Continue to do an immense amount of practical good until he dies when his will be added to the Iflendid list of forgotten benefactors -Mr. Grinling said he spent 3 months at the Paris Exhibition where gave 6 lectures on CB's hep, he is keen on pensions, I et any time w! ke plad to help hor Doothis work.

Report of interview with Mr. C.P.Larner, Secretary of the Woolwich C.O.S. Committee, at the Offices, 1 Brew. er Street. (E.A.) Oct. 17.00.

Mr. Larner has been at Woolwich for four years, coming there from Bermondsev, and following Mr. Toynbee after the latter's eighteen months' tenure of a position that had been made difficult owing to differences between Grinling, the former Sec., and the Central Office of the Society. This difficulty with Grinling is now a matter of ancient history, and he is at present an ordinary member of the Executive Committee.

I began by asking Mr. Larner as to the position of his committee, and the extent to which it secured the co-operation of the local clergy etc. He professed himself very fairly satisfied, admitting that with the Moncons, they had not enough communication, but that with all the parishes, except two, co-operation was active, and that in only one case could relations be considered as unfriendly. Relations with the loncons had been weakened by the departure from the district of a Wesleyan, who had been their vice-President, but who had been succeeded by a man who did not see things quite in the same light. The removal of the influence of one strong man made itself felt, especially as the other strong man in the district among the Noncons was held aloof. This was Mr. J. Wilson, the partiet, who, in Mr.

Earner's private opinion was a fraud. Mr. L. admitted that Mr. W. was probably a sincere evangelical, but hought that his first business was to fill his Tabermacle, and that in order to do this he played to the Protestant gallery unfairly by attacking a man like Escreet. Mr. Wilson has, said Mr. Larner, been long enough in Woolwich to know that Mr. Escreet, Mixx is not only a High Churchman, but a very honourable gentle. man, and that to attack him as though he were an emissary of the Pope . However, the Noncons. general. ly, inc uding Mr. Wilson, so far as their charitable 2 work is concerned, confine themselves mainly to the relief of their own poor members. They are not lavish or sensational givers, though what they might be tempted to do should a severe season come, Mr. Lamner was not prepared to say. He had no great faith in the soundness of their charitable principles.

In addition to the Noncon. churches, there are a considerable number of Missions. "As I dare say you know wherever you have a lot of Army men, you are sure to find a certain number of religious cranks", and to a great extent, these Missions in Woolwich are supported, and even run, busuch men. For the most part, however,

they are not very important, from the charitable point of view, the chief exception being The Cage Lane Mission in Plumstead. This is vey active, under the direction of a Mrs. Anderson, herself the widow of a military man who secures a considerable amount of support from people of her class. She constantly refers cases to the C. O.S. but appears to have her own methods of relief, and to act often in a way that does not commend itshafk to the Committee at Brewer St.

Mr. Evans, of Holy T inity, was, however, the only han of whom Mr. Larner spoke with real severity, and of him, I regret to say, he seemed to have a very poor opinion. Face to face he is a very "plausible" man but after a certain amount of shilly shally Mr. Larner

Mas obtained the definite statement that Mr. Evans wish to have nothing to do with the Society. At this Mr. L. may be said to be pleased, as he has made up his mind not to have anything more to do with Mr. Evans, who he thinks stands convicted of a misstaturant with regard to some case (either he or Irs. Evans dies) and he also thinks that there is cumulative evidence that he uses his clerical position "in a very immoral way" meaning by this that the receipt of relief is made contingent on some kind of religious response. According to Mr. L. Mr. Evans may be set down as a narrow, unwise, and unreliable man.

Going through the other names of the clergy in was district covered by the committee, Earner commented as follows:

Mr. Shepheard: queer; inactive; but, above all, old-fashioned. Has married a second wife, who is mainly occupied in looking after a somewhat rapidly increasing family.

Escreet: "You know all about". Mr. E. is the Chaif.
man of the Committee, and is a gentleman that every &
one trusts. It is largely due to his influence that the
position of the Committee is as str ong as it is.

Lester: a new man; settling down; liked.

Johnstone (S. Michael's): new man; very nice; active; with a good worker in his wife.

Wragge: one who works closest in with us; always in and out.

Ogle (S. Margaret's): hard worker; good man.

Latham (S. Mark's): very poor district; works well with the Committee.

Doherty (S. John's): the main complaint here was of a lack of method in work. Probably he does not answed his letters.

Morris (All Saints): very nice man; very weak; little control over his visitors; rather a relief-by-ticket man.

Dr. Hughes: a strong man, but uncertain. Blows hot and cold.

Douglas: Hamilton: (S. Paul's, char ton): rather of the Morris type.

Swainson: all right, fixex but unimportant from the C.O.S. point of view. His people well-to-do.

Christ Church, Shooters' Hill: also well-to-do.

With the Roman Catholics the committee is in close touch, largely though col. Ingram, a member of their committee, and himslf a Roman Catholic. Colonel I. has

to capt. Adair, resigned. In spite of the screwing up of the R.Cs. to wise giving by Col Ingram, Mr. Larner charity thought that the private axainixixixix of the priests was lax. He said, however, that they were very poor as a corporation, and that therefore they could not give very much. He praised Father Reeks, the late Rector, highly on personal grounds, saying that he had been immensely popular and that his funeral in the summer had been, perhaps, one of the most largely attended ever held in Woolwich.

In addition to the personnel of the Woolwich Committee there is a considerable amount of evidence of the valuable character of its work and of the esteem in which it is held. Instances of this were cited in the help that had been given to the Goldsmiths' Company in the administration of one of their pension funds, in which candidates were finally chosen from a list of cases recommended by the C.O.S.; and in the administration of the Wolseley Fund.

A feature of the work of the committee is the number of cases that come before them of men who have been in the Army and in dealing with these the military members of the committee are of created bein.

Mr. Larner spoke of the exceptionalty prosperous time that Woolwich has been enjoying, and the paint is referred to in the last report. The number of cases dealt with during the last year has shown a marked decline, and Mr. L. says that the amount of money put into the various maxing thrift agencies has undoubtedly increased. On the other hand there has been a good deal more drinking. This fack is true, not only of many of the men who have been earning so much, but of the women whose husband, are at the front. Mr. L. quite endorses, the o inion that many of these have never been so well off in their lives, and sheved me particulars of a case that had just come in. It was of a woman who wanted help in buying new teeth. She was the husband of a man who had been called out for active service in S. Africa and who before had been working at the Arsenal at a 22, 24/- a week rating. When he left he was probably earning, about 28/-, but allowance to the wife is half of the rating, that is 12/-. That, I understood, is paid by the Arsenal, but in addition she would be getting the Govern. ment allownace of 1/1 per day for herself, and 2d. for pach of her three children, or 11/1 a week. Also, an "allotment" from the man's own pay of 10d. a day, or 5/10 a week. Finally, there is an Emplyees' Fund, volinterilu subscribed bu the men. Originallu this came to

stands at about 6/-. The women would thus be getting in all about 34/11 a week, instead of whatever her husband might have allowed her out of his 28/-, and she has no husband to provide for. Mr. L. said that this was not an unfair sample of the position of the women teft behind in wxxxxxx woolwich, and one consequence habeen a marked increase in the amount of intemperance among them, for they have never been so well off in their lives. It is mainly to this fact, and to the spectacle that the men have had of a good many of these women taking too much that is said to have led to the decline in the contributions of the employees to their own yountary fund.

Among the thrift agencies that are especially strowd in Woolwich, in addition to the Post Office and the great co-o erative Society, are the Building Societies, the largest of which is the Equitable. The contribution have been to these xxxx, Mr. Larner knows, considerably greater during the last few years. The considerable nucleus of Arsenal men, whose earnings are good and whose mployment is permanent, to some extent explain the importance of the Building Societies in Woolwich. In one of its

many ramifications the co-operative Society is a great Building Society, and at the present moment they are beginning the development of an estate that was secured two or three years ago, called, I think, the Abbey Fielk, to the east of Plumsxtead and just within the London boundary, on which it is proposed to build no fewer thaw 2000 houses, at the rate of about 100 a year. The purchase and impending development of this estate is only one of the many signs of the bold management of this, the only great London co-operative Society, and the Agent of the C.O.S. Ctee. who was called in to see me and who is a member of the Society, mentioned the fact that they were were in advance of population in lanting out their new branches. Of these they have about nine at the present time, and in several cases these have been planted down in districts before many houses have been built. Thus, as the people come they find the Stores ready for them, and custom is practically ensured. At the present time the membership of the Soc. is steadily increasing, but their dividend is high (for Mondon) and stands at 1/11. The agent complained that the vast majority of the members thought more about this than about anything else, and that in this, as in so many of the Societies, the principles of co-operation dounted for very 144tle. But the fact remains that the

Society is much more than a successful business and Mr. Tarner agreed that Co-operation entered into kkfaxxxxx the structure of life in Woolwich and the neighbourhood in a way that was unique in London, and that it decerved "some trouble" as a subject of inquiry. It is important local "influence".

The agent noted the fact that not only is the Society strengthened by the presence of a large body of working-men employed at a single great concern like the Arsenal, among whom local opinion and local knowledge easily spread, but also by the presence among the Ardenal hands of large numbers of north-countrymen, who know all about co-operation. Thus, one part of Plumstead is spoken of as "Little Not; ingham" because of the colony of Not; ingham men who have collected there. "If a branch of the Stores were planted down in North Woolwith it would be in the middle of an ordinary London population, and would as likely as not prove a failure Mr. L. agreed that the local competition of the ordinary retailers was not so strong as it in in more central Lordon, but said that the local shops were not to be ignored; many have sprung up, and a branch of Lipton's among them, but the co-perative soc. still forges ahead.

The HOUSING problem was said to be as pressing in Woolwich as perhaps anywhere in London, owing large-Iv to the expansion of the Arsenal; to the impossibility of building any more in Weelwich itself; and to unsetis. factory Means of locomotion to outlying parts. Except 2 as regards certain well defined and limited areas the problem presents itself as one of accommodation rather than of sanitation. In Plumstead, for instance, in spite of the immensely keen demand for houses. satisfactory conditions prevail, save in a considerable part of S. Mark's parish, Here sheddy houses have been put up, and the district is clearly marked out as a bad slum of the future. It is already decidedly poor. In Plumstead, as a whole sanitary administration is good, largely owing to Dr. Davies, its excellent Medical Offi. cer, who is a member of the c.O.S. executive. In Woolwich Mr. Larnet considered that administration was not so good. Rents are high, and during the last four or five years were thought to have gone up as much as anywhere in London, save in some of the quite central parts. Single rooms range from 3/- to 4/-; and doublex from 5/- to 6/-. A large number of Woolwich employees have to live at a distance, many at Deptford, and at certain hours in the day the trainsare packed seventten

or so to the compartment, irrespective of class.

Something was said about the moral question, and Mr. L. agreed that the lowest class of prostitute found in Woolwich is as low as can be found anywhere. Acts of public indecency are not uncommon charges, and recently when a case called him to the police court, several of rive shillings or three days. In only one case had the man been caught, and then he was a young soldier, "hardly more than sventeen, I should think, and the woman, an awful creature, must have been nearly fifty". These very low class women go, he thinks, with the privates. "I don't suppose that an ordinary Arseanl hand would look at them, but the fact is that Tommy can't pay. In general, however, things have considerably improved in recent years, and the stricter management of things at the Academy, and the presence of commanding Officers who are cereful about these general questions affectof any and ing the welfare of the men, has been decidedly beneficial. "Officers have told me of the kind of places that were open when they were subalterns, and of the things that went on that are almost incredible now.

But La Question morale is still important, and is at the present time exercising the minds of the clergy and others. Only the night before my visit a meeting fo

not been able to go. It appears that one of the laxities to which attention is at the moment being attracted is the behaviour of a good many of the women "left behind" against whom xxxxx irregularities, not only in excessive drinking but morals, are being charged. It appears that some time back the unpleasant question of the debauching of boys by men in the Arsenal came to the front on certain specific charges, and L. xxxx sees signs that this matter is coming up again. It would appear that the moral tone, as well as the religious attitude of many of the men working at this great establishment leaves much to be desired.

The Woolwich Charities have now been nearly all pooled, owing largely to Mr. Escreet's action, and are now, with this one exception which was a quite modern foundation and was therefore left untouched, used as bensions. Mr. L. does not think that any considerable misuse of the Charities is now possible.

Poor Law administration appears to be of an average kind, with a certain amount of out-door relief given, but not excessive. Both L. and the agent, who sees the R.Os. every week, agreed that this form of relief had been given more easily during the last few months,

MREPORT. KO

FOR THE YEAR 1898-99.

Organisation Society have to record a year of quiet, but, they hope, satisfactory work. The period has been marked by a mild winter and good and regular employment, both in the Royal Arsenal and in the various trades in the neighbourhood. This state of things has shown its natural mark in the number of applications made to the Committee for assistance, the number being thirty fewer than in the preceding twelve months. In fact there is no doubt that during the latter half of the year the district of Woolwich has been in an abnormally prosperous condition, mainly, of course, due to the unusual activity at the Arsenal, and if applications for relief at any centre such as the Charity Organisation Committee had not shown a decrease, it would have reflected very unfavourably on the wage-earning population.

The Committee have endeavoured to keep before them the object for which the Society was founded—namely that it is primarily an organising society; and that their first duty is to fulfil this function. They have not, nor are they likely to have, the intention of supplanting the various relief agencies which abound, but they believe that these agencies can be increased in strength and usefulness a hundredfold if system, order and method really obtain. It is the aim of the Committee, so far as may be, to be a link between the various charitable institutions, whether lay or clerical, and to assist in every way possible in developing what exists, rather than in creating new ones. They are, therefore, always most willing to be consulted by any bonâ fide charitable societies. They are glad to give the advice which many years of work in the district warrants them in giving, and it is a matter, they think, for some congratulation that the last two or three years have shown a marked desire on the part of some important charitable agencies to take advantage of the Committee's knowledge and experience.

Though as stated the applications for relief have been fewer than in the previous year, yet they numbered 463: of these the Committee have seen their way to help in 206 cases and they believe that the assistance they have been enabled to give has been such as the circumstances demanded.

a change that was partly attributed to the approaching elections of next March, and partly, by Mr. L., to the effects of what he considered Mr. Chaplints very illast advised circular of ixt June.

most capable, level-headed and efficient of the c.o.s. staff secretaries.

Duterview with mr Harbon, 204 Eglimben Road, Plumstead.

educated lady of mature age, with a musical voice and charming manner. She mentioned incidentally that she had known Plumster for 25 years. She lives in a fairly good house on the top of the hell overlooking Thimstead. She is an active member of the Woolwich Board of Guardians and her husband is on the Plumsterd Vistry.

Toor Law Administration. Mr H. does not think the Guardians have a tendency to shinging in granting out relief. The practice of granting O. R. is not uniform in the Union. Il depends very much on the Ward Kelief Commettee. The R. O's also have much power and many of the guardians would be guided entirely by them. Mr Harbour makes a point of visiting every person receiving out relief in her ward and they try to act up to the L. 4.13's recent circular and make the relief adequate. All cashs should be visited, if possible by a woman,

worman, who can go where a man could? not and make inquisits.

Once in six months the O.R. has so overhanded. On these occasions, the recepient if able, must appear before the Board of Guardians. Before this overhaul, each guardran is given a boot printed list of the cases in his district. Inro H. showed me a copy of this sheet for her district (West Plumstead) Il contained the names, amount of relief, relations, other sources of income te. This It had fore over this sheet and marked against each case the net income after allowing for rent. In dealing with these cases, you can generally reckon that there is a little more than is divelosed. How and again an applicant makes a complete stallment. Occassionally O.R. cases are ordered into the house. These are cases were drunk is known or suspected or where, through feetleness or other cause it is believed the house would be better for the person. Druk constantly comes up as a cause of pauperism and even quardians, who are opposed to temperance work will tective the applicants, This is rather annuoung to The It., who is an aided temperance worker. As to Sudoor Relief the policy is to make the not - Able Bodied as comfortable as possible.

A short time ago key hied to classify the Eminates in accordance with the L. G. B's circular A mis Harbour saw all the women for his purpose. To classify the in mates then resident was much more difficult than it now is to allocate a person to the right class on entering. The record of character is often look. They made some mistakes and some feeling of jertowey was created. Some who were not included in the first class, put stories about concerning those who were

In the first class they sought to enclude all people of decent habits and respectable character. Their priviles are a better furnished room - floor is covered with kamptulicon - to breakfast thea was served in the ward instead of in the during hall with the other immates and in the case of the women, each has ber own teaport and makes her own tea. This com cession is greatly prized by the women but the men did not like the trouble and now fetch their tea (ready made) from the dining room. The first class are also allowed to see their friends twice a week and to go out twice a week; the others only once

At present the obsistemetron separation is only during the day. The Guardians wish entirely exarete the two classes but carnot do so now owns to menficent accommodation.

At present no districtions are made amongst the Able-Bodied. This is an evil, especially on the women's side. many of the A. 13. women are deserted writes and these are obliged to more

With fallen women.

The Children - orphan + deserted - are sent to
the Sutton Schools. As many as the L. G. B. will
allow, are bodied out. It was II. favours the
Sheffield cottage home system and the general
feeling favours that.

Amongst the the old people in the House the Brabazon Scheme has been started und is working satisfactorily. (See circular on new page). It is very useful not only by going the people something to do but bringing other people into connection with the immates. I am so happy now that I have something to do " said one to mis H. She showed me a table cover on which red flowers had below worked by a coalheaver. The man began to take orders for the work and this being forbiddles he took his discharge + min H. It hopes he is now supporting himself. Sales are held every The goods always realise more than they cost and the

1900.



Brabazon Employment Society.

MHE "Brabazon Employment Society" was founded seventeen years ago by the Countess of Meath, then Lady Brabazon. She had in 1880 offered a Grant for materials to any Workhouse or Infirmary that would try her scheme. The offer was not accepted till 1883, and then only by one Workhouse Infirmary, viz., Kensington. At the beginning of 1892 there were but twenty Branches formed, now there are over 200. This shows that the B.E.S. is at last being appreciated. Its object is to give an interest to the lives of that saddest of all sad classes-the non-ablebodied paupers. These poor people-old, infirm, crippled, blind- are necessarily doomed to perpetual idleness so far as the Workhouse Officials are concerned. The aim of the B.E.S. is to alter this condition of things, by teaching the inmates light and pretty employment, without in any way interfering with the Rules of the House. No inmate can be employed that is not exempt from work by the Guardians, and to whom the Matron has not given her permission. The pride the pupils take in gradually producing good, saleable work, soon revives the self-respect lost by years of pauperdom, and the whole tone of the man or woman changes. All help given in teaching the various kinds of work is voluntary.

Each Branch is self-supporting. This is effected by a Yearly Sale, which is held in order to provide money for fresh materials. The surplus (invariably made beyond the amount of the original Grant) is used in various ways for the benefit of the workers. No payments of any kind are admissible.

Central Rules, as well as any further information can be obtained of the

CENTRAL ORGANISING SECRETARY B.E.S., 33, LANCASTER PARK, RICHMOND, SURREY.

The Properts are used to entertain the immates the Convolescents in the Informary and the Note. Able 130 died participate in these tests The general impression gathered from more that the Lendency of the Board is to improve the conduct of the parampers and that many of them do take a real interest in the well being of their charges. This desire for improved conditions is tempered by the necessity of keeping the rates down, the result being a gradual improvement

The Vestry works fairly well. The parties are more equally divided now than formerly and the vestry has become more actual. I splet has a courseld in the Progressive party and thirs H. fears its results on the coming elections. The Labour Party anstead of following the progressive leaders, voted and spoken against the general prog. policy. This led to be resignation of Rev. J. Heighes, who was the leader and this H. also with drew.

Druk. In H. is secretary of the British Women's Temperance Aso for the district. They hold monthly meetings and gather o good rumber of women, who are visited. They do not however manage to get hold of the women

who are becoming fond of the druk. Beside the members & those they know, kossibly only 2 or 3 outsiders will be at the meeting A drawing room meeting has just been arranged at Col Hughes house. The Colonel is connected with the Leenced Victuallers Aso? they mro H. expected they will reach some who do not usually attend temperance meetings. Clubs are a great event blot - encourage disting Especially the Radical Club Jama Radical I am sony to say so, The War has increased druking - told of a baker and two publicans company notes. The bakers trade had declined but both the others had uncreased their takings : Have a branch of the London Temperance Council here to which most of the Temp. organizations are affiliated.

Religion "Parson Wilson" draws the greates!
munbers. D' Hughes (I mark's) gets hold of the
working men but he is too stranght for many
of them. Jalks about the clubs and the faults
of co-operators. I thus alrenates some, hany
Plymouth Brethen in Plumstead. In It often
weets them when carraceing, hey do not vote
at elections but they don't mind asking favours
of those who are elected.

Much Gambling, mostly associated with football.

Housing Different to get rooms, especially & farmily has children. Had two cases before them at the last meeting, who could not obtain rooms. In both cases however there was execul causes - one man had no work. The medical officer is a splendid officer but be is not backed up by the Vestry. So many of the Kishymen are house owners." That is the trouble.

Some of the Able Bodild parpers are sent to the Salvation Army Farm bolony, the Genardians paying for them. If they come leach the Guardians prosecute. Complaints of various kinds were made, the principal one being that the place swarmed in vernen. They might almost be run away with. I deputation was sent door to Habstead to investigate and look over the place a few weeks a go. On the whole the scheme has worked well; the men do not come back althor some well; the men do not come back althor somes many of them do not stay long at the colony.

Oct. 18. 1900.

mrch 48

S.H.D.

Interview with

Stephen. Bourne. 5 Landonne Road Blackheath

Ashley. Stables. 38 Withely Mansions.

Talo Cont Jouan.

Colonel. Bourse. Late Army Service Corps.

hur Stephen Brune + Ashley Stables are Joint honorary secretaires of the National Vigilance Society - Colonel Brine is Secretary of the Church of England White

The interview was held in the National Che

*101. White hall gardens: rebeich [it is the only club in Loudon I think which has Club

frages before breakfast). Iwent to see St

Stephen Bourse on the advice of Res. It. Benes 2 Lawrence the Vicer of Ji Michaels Mackbeath Who said that so an old resident her home W! Know a great deal about Blackheath Vas Secretary of the National Vigilance Too he w? know speak with authority about providition in Alack Leath & Worlaich -Mr. St. Donne is an old man over sixty. Spectacles, white hair obcard, kindly looking Father Christmas - But about the nost reekless man in his statements & accusations that ever I interviewed. He runs Temperance 9 National vojilance alongside of one auster. Belongo to the shricking brotherhood as Far as such a naturally Kindly old man can & probably loss a scal of Lam to his cause.

Itis colleague his a tall man with a back 3 beard, rather nervous, deferring to a not treated as of much account by Stephen. Bonon. Colorel Barne. is a shooting tooking military man - son of stephen. Cage unkempt mores-taches. middle height. but not impleasant to talk to when his father was called away. Dieg kept me talking for really two hours Int 3 got very little from it. At the and Mr. Stephen Donne Said that I st. fribally want to truck over all that he has said + then come to see him again-The National Vicilance Tocictés working members consist of Str. Dame. The Stable, a detective, a lady worker, y a small time of the I fay market. Their object is to prosecute brothers out out

out prostitution As to licensed Arthelo or C.D. acts: they ticense with out gazing emptying the streets: no Christian ed be in favour the contegions Dio eases acto: if you examine the women examine the men also, but any thing rather than the examination of the women only. "rosecution of hother - most effective of they 10 open again it is not in the same Visting it gm shat up the places where men go to In make forstitutin very much more difficult. As to why women take to it. The temptations in To great, so much honey offered; so little trake, only last week I wastalking to a women in Piccalilly strying to persuede her to give up her life: her ans wer was that she was only carry

higher to maintain; when there was not a crost in the horse she went of on the streets, & make Jamo vaging from 10h to \$2. When that is spent The goes in the streets again. Mr. Stephen Bowne & constently walking about with a detective I talking to them in Picewilly 4 tinding int in Formation som them as to houses which he brishes to prosecute. Colorel Borrae when his Father was called away fai) that for garrison towns he wi have CD acts: which weart that any woman seek walking with a common stores after 10 PM was warned: after warning they were detained for examination if found a seems time: there acts were abrogated because of a special case got up "by the shrieting

Sisterhood: coperially cooked for the occasion of brought at in the House of Commono: but the acts had done much good in his gomen The work of his society is a mongot men only. He lago the blame almost entirity. on farents. Ignorance & curiosity are the man Causes of men going wong. De away with these a put the Klatimo of the sexes in a proper light other will be much less-Colonel B lectures et Alderhot + Talishing I is in correspondence with all the Head. With the material is a complete set of reports of the Change X Vicilance Committee Ans Downe also recommended us to the e Mute Cron League. 7 Dean's Gard which has

As a complete library bealing with all aprects? of the Tuestin. I don't Diresan Council for Preventin Rescue. at the Church Storse. Deans gard. 3. London Conneil for the foromotion of Public morality. EF. Butlin. See. 37 Norfolks Strand. (tobe seen after the Vesty electron). 4. Skrimptons homes for young women.

Mr. Stephens Bournes acensations were lebelled mportially at the Police, Restaurants Pather importially at the Police, Restaurants Pather houses, Dapers shops for giving earlit to prostitute, to. Pann shops for the same reas on, 9 on Jago to. Pann shops for the same reas on, 9 on Jago Whiteley & Peter Robinson for not giving whiteley of their employees, 7 on vestignen sandy dinner to their employees, 7 on vestignen shows got elected menty to conceal better the fact who got elected menty to conceal better the fact that they were the owners of brothels."

Ruri-decanal Conference.

Holy Trinity Schools, Woolwich, October 8th, 1900, 7.30 p.m. to 9.45 p.m.

ORDER OF PROCEEDINGS.

1.- Prayer and Apostles' Creed.

Opening Address by the Rural Dean.

Financial Statement by the Treasurer.

*2.—The Bill drafted by the Church Reform League for the Reform of Convocation.

Opening Speaker-Rev. C. E. ESCREET.

3.—(a) That the approaching transference of the Parochial Vestries to the

- 3.—(a) That the approaching transference of the Parochial Vestries to the Municipal Councils demands the strenuous efforts of all Churchmen for securing the return of fitting men, to serve as members for their respective localities, with especial reference to the repression of public immorality.
 - (b) This Conference expresses its conviction of the desirability of legislative action, on the common points in the Majority and Minority Reports of the last Royal Commission on Temperance.

Opening Speaker-STEPHEN BOURNE, Esq., F.S.I.

4.—In view of the importance of the approaching Election of the Members of the London School Board, and of the Recommendation of the Bishop of the Diocese, this Conference urges Churchmen to unite in endeavouring to return Candidates, who, in addition to promoting sound elementary education, will favour the efficient teaching of the Christian religion in the Schools of the Board and the avoidance of unfriendly action towards Voluntary Schools.

Opening Speaker-T. MANDY, Esq.

*A Copy of this Bill is enclosed.

N.B.—The Opener of a Subject for discussion will be allowed fifteen minutes, other Speakers five minutes.

Woolwich Ruri-decanal Conference.

A Meeting of the Conference will be held (D.v.) on Monday evening, October 8th, at 7.30, in Holy Trinity Schools, Woolwich, preceded by a shortened form of Evensong, in Holy Trinity Church, at 6.30. Tea and Coffee from 7 to 7.30, at Sixpence per head.

We earnestly hope that you will be able to attend and take part in the deliberations.

Those Annual Subscriptions of One Shilling which have not already been paid for the year 1900, will be gladly received by the undersigned Treasurer.

The order of proceedings will be found on the other side

JOHN C. LEEKE, Rural Dean.

JOHN W. MORRIS, Hon. Sec.,
All Saints' Vicarage, Woolwich.

THOMAS MANDY, Hon. Sec. & Treas.,
The Mount, 175, Eglinton Road, Woolwich.

September 27th, 1900.

Holy Trinity Schools are situated close to the Arsenal Station, adjoining Holy Trinity, Church.

Report of interviews with Dr. Ryan, Principal of the Woolwich Polytechnic, and Mr. F.G. Didden, the Head of the Social Side. (E.A.) Oct. 25.00.

Dr. Ryan, an old King's Coll. (Camb.) man, with a long string of letters after his name, is the capable man who has been put in chief charge here, but he has ally held the post since the beginning of this year. His knowledge, therefore, of Woolwich and of the past career of the Polytechnic is limited, much more so than that of Mr. Didden, who has been connected with it from its inception, and tox to whom in a certain sense it owes its existence.

I saw Dr. Ryan first, and the point that perhaps appeared to be uppermost in his mind, or in any case the one that he appeared to think that it was most necessary that I should be clear about, was that the Polytechnic had had a somewhat perturbed career, at any rate during recent years, owing to a certain amount of bickering and rivalry between those on the governing body who are keenest about education and those whose first care is the "social side". He is a man of considerable scientific attainments, but in addition to having much useful special knowledge (I see that he lectures of various branches of Physics, on Steam and the Steam Engine, on Electric Light and Power Distribution, and

on Geology, besides giving demonstrations in the Engineer. ing Laboratory) he has a comprehensive interest in most branches of the work, and is making it his business to foster the Social as well as the educational side. In the past it is probable that the former has been somewhat starved. The fact is that the promoters of the Institute had this part most at heart, and in the early years the place was mainly a kind of Young Men's Christian Institute. Calsses were added, but a time came when, although much money had been spent, (perhaps because much had been spent) it got into low water. At this time the various educational bodies, and especially the Tenhnical Board, came forward, and at the present time, while a good deal of the capital outlay, as for laboratories and class-rooms, as well as most of & the current income comes from what may be called educational sources, the old friends of the Institute who started it and in the early years adso spent large sums upon still remain an important element on the Council. They are not in a majority, but they are influential. Asked as to whether the changes that had been made recently with a view to strengthening the social side had put things on a satisfactory basis, Dr. Ryan said that it was too soon to judge, and the crux of the situation annears still to be a financial one, inagmuch as

with a not very full exchequer, they have constantly to settle on which side expenditure shall be sanctioned. A survey of the rooms after in company with Mr. Didden made it clear that money is not plentiful, but that the social rooms are those that have suffered. However, Mr. Didden has great hopes for the future, and great faith in Dr. Ryan's comprehensive sympathies.

The fees appear from the "Calendar" to be somewhat high, but Dr. R. considered that, with few exceptions, the people attracted to the Polytechnic were of the class for whom it is intended. But he was not very clear as to who compose this class. He admitted that the great mass of the adult workmen of the Arsenal and of the district held aloof, but agreed that with the opinion of a Mr. Ellis, the Sec. of the local ctee. of the U.E.S., that this was only what had to be expected: they had not been brought up in a way that suggested a very thoughtful use of their lesiure. For the Studen ents of the plce there is no limit of age, but most are about 20, something under and something above. There are some 1200 separate students on the various registers, and of this number about 250 are www.xx females.

In addition, there is a Technical and Commercial Day School for boys and girls, with, I think, about 130 scholars. A fee of 30/- a term is charged, and the

The fee helps to make it somewhat more exclusive than
the Board Schools, among which, at Blomfield Road, there
is a Science School that to some extent overlaps with
the Polytechnic School. Dr. Ryan admitted this overlap
ping with the Board, adding "But we don't complain",
and it clear that they have no case as "We are the sinners" in having started the Doy School. It is possible
also
that there is a certain amount of overlapping in the evening work. Afximixima At the Polytechnic School
boys and girls are taught together.

which I was more impressed with his good intentions and with his intellectual power than with his organizing a ability, he took me round to Mr. Didden's room, so that I might get further information about the work, and be shown the rooms. Mr. Didden is a man of about 40; he is one of the original members of the Regent St. Polytechnic, and when he came to woolwich some seventeen years ago he felt the great want in the district of some institution such as Mr. Quintin Hogg had started with such success in London. He wrote stating the woolwich case to Mr. Hogg; the suggestion was taken up; a large private house and garden were secured and the woolwich Institute was started. It proved years popular.

and building soon became necessary. In these early days, dating, however, only from 1890, a certain number of classes were started, but the place was primarily a social centre for Woolwich young men. The "bickering" that has attended the gradual evolution of a well equipped technical and Educational Institute is easily understood when the beginnings are remembered and while talking to a man like Mr. Didden, himself well-meaning, half-educated, earnest -- the sublimation of the Regent Street Polytechnic young man. His own position must have been somewhat trying, as, at first head, then co-ordinate with a head of the educational side, he has been, since Dr. Ryan's precessor was appointed, and is now a subordinate to the "Principal" of the whole thing. But, as I have stated he is very happy with Dr. Ryan, and looks for brighter days on the Social Side.

"Students" need not be "Members", and Female students cannot be. The "Members" are thus a body to a the great extent distinct from Students, and the latter may be regarded as forming the Polytechnic and the formet the Institute. The membership of the latter is only 266 and of these only about 80 are also Students, figures that throw a good deal of light on the working of the whole institution. Particulars of admission and of the differential fees nevable by students are given on n.79,

en the Institute has just been made in the adoption of a rule by which young men may join the various branches of the Institute without joining the Institute itself. Thus, anyone wishing to join the Gymnasium will in future be able to do so on payment of 9/- a year. Previously, he had to be a member of the Institute first, and his total fees would have been 13/6. This admission to sections clearly has its dangers, and to these Mr. Didden is alive. In reality he opposed the fresh rules, but was overborne by his own friends on the Council who are anxious to strengthen the Institute, and all that he can do now is to watch events and endeavour to guard against the unhealthy growth of sectional interests.

ion with the members. The most improtant fixture is the P.S.A., at which there is an average attendance of about 500. On the leaflet it is described as "A bright hour of ospel, Music, Song and Story". Speakers of various denominations are invited, but the meetings hav a religious basis, although social topics are not eschewed. There is a well-supported "Book-Fund" but otherwise no form of membership of the P.S.A. There is also a Bible Class for Young Women, see p.85.

Mr. Didden showed me round, and the most noticeable rooms, after the excellent Hall (used also as a gymmasioum on almost every night in the week except Saturday) were perhaps the Chemical, Metallurgical, and Physical Laboratories. There were several good lecture rooms. The social rooms were not attractive, at any rate when seen empty in the day-time. The Library is small, and is apparently somewhat dwarfed by the Public Library which is not far off. The "Skipwith Library" (see p.55) has been deposited with the Polytechnic, and the same friend (a friend of Grinling's) has also lent a collection of pictures and engravings, some of considerable value and interest. These brighten and beautify some of the rooms.

The rooms still left of the house of the original Institute are now almost lost in the additions that

have sprung up round them, but there is a large site,.

once the garden of the house, still available for further building, and should funds allow further additions
are contemplated. The property is not freehold, but
is held on a 90 or 99 years' lease, at a rental of some.

thing under £150 a year.

fre. It see a in dome a fortier.

The effect of the large amount of overtime that has been worked at Woolwich km was mentioned, both by Dr.

Ryan and by Mr. Didden. Mr. Ellis, too, was lamenting the effects on the attendance at his University Extension lectures. It was noticeable that Prof. Lewes, perhaps the most popular of all the lecturers on the staff of the London Society, and who at other times has had audiences of from 4 to 500 at Woolwich, started a week or two ado with only 70.

Notes on the Royal Areenal Co-operative Society, Woolwich; interviews with Mr. W.J.Machen, the Sec. of the Education Committee, and Mr. Alexander McLeod, the Secretary and Manager. (E.A.) Oct. 25.00.

The Arsenal Co-operative Soc. is the only one of importance in the county of London, and now ranks among the twenty-five greatest Societies in the whole country. It was started in 1869, when it had 47 menbers, Capital to the amount of £27, and did trade during the first year of £444. At the end of the first half of 1000 it had 15,738 members; £243,604 Capital; and had the Sales had amounted to nearly £170,000. There were six branches, in addition to the central stores at Powis St. Woolwich, and including the men working on the new estate (see later) there were 710 persons in its employ. Progress has been almost continuous since the start, but since '97, the membership has increased by nearly 5000. New brankhes are contemplated, and a large site for one of these has just been purchased. As a centre of ordinary co-operative business, the record of this Society is remarkable, certainly for the South of England, but it possesses exceptional interest for the whole co-operative world through the bold policy that has enabled it to be the owners of land (for development) to the value of nearly £60,000; and to have

is proposed to build some 4000 houses during the next 20 years, and thus to provide dwellings for a population that it is expected will amount to from 25,000 to 30,000 souls, at a total capital outlay of something like a million and a quatter.

Much of this large sum will, it is true, be advanced by occupiers, but since most of the latter are likely to be members of the Society, the savings they will devote to the purchase of their homes will be largely capital that would otherise have been invested with the Society.. As the annual increment of capital now amunts to something like £70,000 or £80,000, xand as the Soc. pays five per cent, it is clear that the bulding scheme will not only provide dwellings for these who need them, but will also be an outlet for the Society of savings that might seriously have overweight. ed it. It has been by already doing an extensive business in loans, and thus acting already as a building society on a considerable scale, that it has been we wow able to relieve itself of the burden of more capital than the required.

The operations of the Society make it clear that

it must be an important element in the life of many people at Woolwich: training a certain number in the management of affairs; providing an automatic machinery for savingx; affording, and destined to afford by which, as leaseholders, working-class occupiers may own the houses in which they live -- in these and in many other ways the Society enters into the lives of many of the people of Woolwich, besides securing them the ordinary consumers' advantages of a well-organized store. On whalmay be called the moral side, it is impossible to estim. ate the advantages of co-operation essent: of the underlying fact of associated effort; of additional means of education; of access to books; of stimulated interest in local affairs and in local problems; of "co-operative teas" and conversaziones, and social reunions of many descriptions, but, from all that I heard and saw, real those these advantages are, I think that the material and commercial advantages here at Woolwich, as in most other Societies, large and small, far outweightx considerations of this kind. But this is rather the statement of a simple fact, than of an adverse criticism. W Woolwich is a practical place, and above all others co-operators are practical people. Their charity xxxxx ximex begins at home. Bread and butter are felt to come

before the claims of civic duty, and a good home to be of more pressing importance than intellectual advancement. The practical genius of the whole movement at Woolwich is found in their Secretary and manager, Mr. McLeod, rapidly beoming one of "the grand old men" of Co-operation. He has been their own manager from the start;, a shrewd, capable, and determined man; not blind or indifferent to the more ideal aspects of the movement, but making it his business to build on the sure foundation of material success. "Which department interests you most ? ! I had asked while he was showing me round. "The one that gives most trouble" was the reply, -- the one that it is hardest to make a success. He is a theroughty practical man: "I have sometimes to blend as many as fourteen different kinds of flour xxxe to get the bread I want" he had said in the great model bakery of the Store, ene of the largest, and some say the best equipped in the whole of London, and where 150 sacks of flour are often baked in the day. The ease with which waste may be incurred was illustrated by his remark that a rising thermometer often sent down the daily demand for bread to the extent of ten sacks. He has no weak sympathy with the "working-class". In speaking

of the determination only to sell the houses on the new

estate on lease, and to have no weekly tenanxts, he remarked "If I had a million, I would not invest a penny or homes for weekly tenants" and he cited instances of their destructive and dirty habits. In the apportionment of responsibility between landlord and tenant for insanitary conditions he would not forget, as so many do. to place a large share on the shoulders of the latter. He is probably a strong man in dealing with other men: asked as to what sort of a committeeshe had, he said that .on the whole they were good enough: "some are like sheep, and do nothing but follow; others are like pigs, and will do nothing without driving, but on the whole etc. etc. I expect that at the present time, he would be a bold committee-man who would thwart the Secretary in any scheme that he thought important and advantageous. It is generally admitted that it is to him that the Society owes the Bostall Estate scheme, and xxx chief thoroughfare is to called the "McLeod Road".

In a few months the whole of the hentral premises will be rebuilt and enlarged, and the plans that I saw make it clear that the new buildings will form a conspicuous feature in Woolwich street architecture. This for an ordinary Society would be a sufficiently big project to have on hand, but here I heard hardly anything about it: the really important thing is the max develop-

ment of the new estate. Conversation thus turned a good deal upon it, but all the essential facts are given in the leaflet on page .Mr. M. mentioned with regret that the plan of paying the operative builders employed a half-penny an hour above trade union rates had so far failed to secure the Society a steady set of men, who were prepared to make it their business to work regularly and well. Drinking has been the great difficulty but by steady weeding, they are gradually getting a better set in. He complained bitterly of the attempts to avoid giving a fair day's work, and of the complaints that had been made to the trade union branches of men who had worked property, but who were felt by the lazier set to be doing more than the recognized "minimum". "They have too much money" said Mr. McLeod.

He showed me the photograph of and spoke in terms of high praise of the young fellow who is in charge of the works, who had, I gathered come to the Soc. a few years ago as an ordinary artisan, a joiner I think, and by hard work qualified himelf for his present position. In addition to laying down the sewers, and building the houses, and carrying most of the subsidiary trades, except that of brick-making, the Society kaskm has a works department at Bostall Farm at which a great deal is done

to supply the ordinary requirements of the strores. They make nearly all their own fittings, and build their own vans. On the land that is not to be used for building, they farm, mostly for the growing of vegetables for their "greengrocery" department. It may be noticed that the extent to which the principle of "direct employment" is adopted is one of the things upon which the management of the Society prides itslef, and the decision to avoid calling in the contractor is regarded as one of the most satisfactory features in connexion with the Bostall Farm scheme. There is no reason to supp ose that the future will make them regret it, but is it may be noticed that at present they do not know at what price they will be able to sell their new houses. They are building a certain number, more or less experimentally. Another matter that prevents them from finally fixing on the prices of the houses is the incompleteness of expenditure on the at system of drainage, a share of which is to be charged to each house. In size they are to be Krom mostly, perhaps all, either six or eight roomed. The commencement of building was made the occasion of a celebration the other day, an account of which I insert from the local paper. A full account of the whole scheme is just being published in the one or two papers, and

copies of these will be sent me. Before I left, Mr. M. showed me round the central Stores, including the "dairy" into which I forget how man gallons of milk come daily under contract from various farms (the Soc. tried the pain of having its own milking herd, but gave it up) and on which I see the profits were no less than 5/1 in the store the last half year, being far in excess of those of any other department; the excellent stables, for some 70 horses out of the 108 now owned by the Society, with machinery for bruising oats and cutting chaff; and, already mentioned, the great model bakery.

versation with Mr. Mahhen, the Sec. of the Education committee, a middle-aged, rather anaemic, and not very forcible person. I found him working in the Library, but he had little to tell me that is not mentioned in the report of the educational work inserted. There were no new plans to describe, and no special success or failure to detail. The lectures to be given by Mr. Ashley on "The Study of Economics" are free, but it is stated that the subject was chosen to avoid any clashing with the course on Economic History that Mr. Slater is giving in connexion with the University Extension Society.

ery successful. With the U.E.S. the Co-operators endeavour to work in as closely as possible, and in recent y years have generally subscribed from £20 to £25 a year to the funds of the local Committee. They have two representatives upon it.

The Co-operative Soc. has four libraries, one at Powis St. and one Charlton, Erith, and Belvedere. In the aggregate they have not more than 5 to 6000 volumes. A catalogue is published, and the class of books may to some extent be deduced from the statistics of hoxx those borrowed given in the report. In a concert programme the that Mr. Machen gave me "Seven reading rooms and four libraries free to members and their familiesmx" are ad-It is worthy of note that some 10,000 copies of "Comradeship" the organ of the Society, are circulated among the members. To the classes in "Co-speration" and "Industrial "History" arranged by the Education Committee there are some 60 or 70 entries in all, including the juvenile section. This does not seem many, and a glance at the Revenue Account shows what a mixed affair the educational work is, and how very little of the money spent goes in either ordinary class or lecture work, But this is commonly found to be the case with the Education Committees of Co-operative Societies. The work done here

paltry when the funds and the membership of the Soc.

are remembered, but it is perhaps up to average, and
there are certainly a good many at Woolwich, interested
in the work of the Co-operative Society, who have the
higher interests of their members very much at heart,
But it is not an easy task to stir the mass of intellectual torpor that prevails. Mr. Machen is certainly hardly
the man to do it, worthy fossil though he be.

1899 as the basis of comparison. In the first year the weekly sales per member work out at about 7/5; in the latter, at about 7/10. On the other hand it is probable that 1899 was a much more prosperous year for Woolwich than 1889, and that there was therefore much more money spent. The above figures would not represent quite all that is spent per member, as the calculation treats as members for the whoe year those who joined at any time be it January or December. But it is clear that, when all allowances are made for this, that there is a large margin of expenditure that goes to the shops. The position of the Stores is nevertheless a very strong one, and the extent to which they are dealt with with more or less completerness is seen when the total population of Woolwich, Plumstead and Chariton xxx is considered. In 1896, this was about 104,000, representing, say, 20,000 households. In that year there were 9251 members, representing, say, nearly half the total households in the districts covered by the Stores. The position is considerably stronger at the present time, as, although population has gone up considerably during the last four years, it has certainly not increased by something like 40 per cent, as the membership has done.



LES, 147, Powis Street, Woolwich.



BELVEDERE BRANCH.



Your Committee cannot conclude this report without once more congratulating the members generally upon the splendid progress of the past half-year, the Society now being amongst the 25 largest, as it is one of the most conspicuous in the United Kingdom. It is attracting special attention throughout the movement, not alone by reason of its size, but because of its spirited action in the purchase and development of the Bostall Estate, and the method of extension it has adopted by means of fully equipped branches. An example to many societies has also been set by its successfully seeking to secure the representation of Co-operators upon the local governing bodies, in all of which success would have been impossible but for the magnificent manner in which the efforts of the Committee have been supported by the members at large. The strength of the Society, as well as the success of the movement, is entirely dependent upon the members duly recognising their common interests, and exercising the duties implied thereby. The members thus possess the power to so guide the fortunes of the Society as to make it a source of continued benefit, established upon humanitarian principles, having for its object an increase in that bond of brotherhood, the extension of which is at once the hope and the ideal of true civilisation.

On behalf of the Committee,

ALEXANDER McLEOD, Secretary.

Chair, with the result that his incident provoked had subsided, the Candidate good-humouredly remarked; inadvertently—or perhaps purposely—moved his chair, with the result that he sat on the flora.

When the laughter that this incident provoked had ARSEL A Parliamentary candidate, having concluded his speech, was about to sit down when someone inadvertently or nerhans nurnosolv—moved his WUS Anouged the audience,
An old countryman on being asked why he didn't in the General Election, replied: "Why should not even a drink or a bit o' 'baccy 'angin' on to the end o't, like there was in the good old times!"

A parliamentary candidate, having concluded his The celebric tions de memo's ing of was I and B

"I should like to know why you pelt me with the to know why you pelt me with houted the audience, in bad odour, with us in a nouled the audience.

An old countrament of the candidate, fiercely.

An old countrament of the candidate, fiercely. Steyn says: "My gracious, what a surprise in a should like to know what more than the mist Krüger looks on with tears in his eyes, JOE'S all right and Salisbury, too;
'Tis a fearful wreck of the Radical crew.
Krimer looks on with tears in his eves

hing was on the higher system now because of the HIRE AND HIGHER—He: "You know, Dora, We velow, Could easily furnish a home on the hire purchase leggie, for only this morning I heard pa say every-hing was on the higher system now because of the A Sweet Pair. "What sort of pear do you like villiam?" "A sweet, "" Pared, dear?" "Sweet, "" Pared, dear?" "Here and Higher hope to be (paired) soon."

High and Higher — He: "You know, Dora, we

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A LOST RELIC.—There is a delightful old character on the parish churches, i.e., the parish churches, i.e., the parish clerk. To lerk had to give place. The chancel would be reliced but the clerk would not be required to a dull time, your distinguishing feature was your "Amen-ity." A LosT Relic.—There is a delightful old character at has we believe almost entirely disappeared

haur's yer faither?" Il be wearvin; "He's in below the

Wider Issues.

There is always a special interest in the last parapraph of the General Committee's report, which deals with the wider hopes and aims that inspire their work. In this report the hope is hinted that the co-operative movement, as a whole, may, profit from the example set by our society in the purchase and development of the Bostal estate, extension by means of fully equipped branches, and securing representation on local governing bodies.

The committee ask for £50 to be spent in securing co-operative representation on the Woolwich Borough Council. This, no doubt, will readily be granted; but that is not enough. What is needed in Municipal elections is that the 15,000 members of the society should vote and work unitedly for the best candidates who can be found. With the union of the three parishes of Woolwich, Plumstead, and Eltham there are immense possibillties for a Muncipal Council that should act up to the motto of our society-"Each for all, and all

Future

The month of September the Committee will devote Programme. to the collection of all discoverable facts throwing light

upon the problem of the right and proper housing of the people of Woolwich. As early as possible in October, a second pamphlet giving the results of the investigation will be published, and every effort possible in such a short space of time will be made to secure that this pamphlet shall be a just, impartial, and authoritative statement of the facts of the case. A list of candidates who are pledged to support the building of good municipal cottages, to be let at the lowest possible rents, and in numbers sufficient to bring down the rents obtainable by private owners, will be drawn up, and all voters will be asked to vote for those only. The Committee believes that, however difficult, it is not impossible that the homes of the workers may be made such that health is possible, if only the workers themselves will strike a blow for their own deliverance from the ground-landlord and the

Statistical table showing at a glance the progress of the Society from its commencement to the present day:-

	Members.	Capital.	Sales.	Members' Dividend.				Non-members'	Employés Share	Educational	Equalisation	Insurance	Advances on
Date.				Amount.	Average Rate per £.	Interest.	Reserve Fund.	Dividend.	of Profits.	Fund.	Fund.	Fund.	Mortgage.
1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1888 1889 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 †1900	47 55 58 77 232 268 470 695 883 1234 1597 1757 1934 2375 2764 3236 3865 4480 5546 6108 6721 7510 7625 8058 7757 7640 7992 9251 10957 13040 14424 15738	£ 27 62 95 118 335 548 1342 2246 3323 4826 6434 8744 9325 12063 14742 19252 27879 36774 44384 53946 62786 73325 86016 83420 75282 68998 80053 100009 125496 162778 208789 243604	£ 444 879 999 1071 2666 3824 8222 11804 18976 24668 30721 34733 36874 44691 51216 59146 72121 84492 105038 118930 126076 132698 144943 143108 136352 139147 147462 173512 201724 252298 288627 169721	£ s. d. 9 16 0 29 6 10 33 14 11 34 18 3 88 7 10 159 1 1 442 13 3 662 6 6 1240 17 6 1695 18 0 2397 10 11 1877 13 0 2242 14 8 2892 6 2 3439 6 4 4489 7 8 6806 19 4 8402 16 0 8883 14 10 10167 17 9 9841 18 4 11583 12 8 11678 14 3 11391 19 2 8709 1 4 10652 10 4 12597 18 0 15315 6 10 17878 15 2 22562 14 10 26791 3 4 15618 8 9	s. d. 0 6 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 1 0 1 3 1 4 1 6 1 8 1 2 1 4 1 5 1 7 1 11 2 0 1 9½ 1 7½ 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7	£ s. d. 0 17 0 2 10 10 3 14 0 4 5 8 13 1 3 23 11 3 54 12 0 93 15 0 152 15 8 196 11 6 277 0 0 380 5 1 452 10 75 543 5 75 682 15 4 853 15 3 1133 9 25 1611 14 95 2012 14 0 2437 2 5 2872 17 11 3400 5 8 3992 17 7 4346 12 10 4090 4 1 3725 16 8 3802 15 5 4184 17 4 5632 11 6 6740 16 11 9377 15 8 5507 11 3	167 9 6 135 9 6 202 16 0 425 1 6 669 2 0 784 4 6 776 9 0 764 10 0 933 7 9 ² / ₄ 850 9 0 539 15 0 *147 18 6 354 11 6 412 11 0	£ s. d 1 4 9 6 3 2 13 19 9½ 32 8 11½ 78 16 6 75 12 9 116 18 9 72 17 2 97 18 8 113 14 4 106 11 11½ 127 17 1 166 14 11 127 19 0 135 17 4 156 0 2 155 2 6½ 153 14 11½ 146 3 0 126 7 4 82 7 4 103 13 2 116 12 9 84 7 6 76 9 0 76 6 3 78 7 10 54 18 3	£ s. d 1 4 9 5 7 1 14 15 4 31 1 7 66 13 6 90 13 6 144 11 8 141 11 8 141 11 8 147 4 0 211 11 11 276 9 6 312 17 1 473 12 6 609 0 10 705 0 2 790 2 9 751 10 4 868 7 6 834 15 9 920 9 2 722 2 6 875 11 7 1102 15 10 1278 4 5 1496 14 6 1899 17 8 2281 9 8 1275 1 3	£ s. d 20 10 6 54 2 6 76 10 0 58 5 0 73 1 6 87 9 3 105 9 0 131 15 6 204 5 6 253 10 0 272 5 6 304 2 0 293 7 6 351 4 0 343 8 6 324 18 0 244 3 6 299 17 0 367 11 0 449 14 6 507 2 0 668 4 6 829 0 6 476 10 0	£ s. d.	80 0 0 140 0 0	£ s. d 2345 0 0 3650 0 0 2846 0 0 2846 0 0 313 17 0 816 12 0 4423 17 2 23361 14 10 33903 8 2 36654 0 3 17263 17 3
		Totals	2767183	230619 9 10		£68605 9 1	£9784 14 11	£2685 2 2½	£18358 18 0	£6796 7 3	3223 5 6	2050 0 0	148799 6 8

† Six months only.

* Reduced.

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On behalf of the Committee.

Ext al-for

On behalf of the Committee,

ALEXANDER McLEOD, Secretary.

ARSENAL CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY'S

William NEW ESTATE Control of the Principal Arsenal Co-operative Society celebrates be commencement of building operations on their Bostal Estate by placing, a commemorative tablet at the entrance of the principal thoroughfare, known as the McLeod-road, on Wedcesday afternoon. There was a large gathering of members of the Society, and the occasion was made festive by a procession of the horses and vehicles belonging to the Society, accompanied by the bands of the 3rd Kent Position Artillery Volunteers, and the 3rd Vol. Batt (Queens Own) Royal West Kent Regiment, which wended its way from the Central Stores of the Society, Powis-street, Woolwich, traversing some of the principal streets of Woolwich and Plumstead, on the way to Bostal. The cortage numbered some 50 vehicles and 80 horses, and the members of the Committee and principal officials of the Society in waggonettes took part, the streets through which the procession passed being lined with spectators.

On arrival at the site, around which flags were displayed the commy stathered round the coler.

sesion passed being lined with specialtors.

On arrival at the site, around which flags were limplayed, the company gathered round the platform exceeded in front of the memorial tablet, which bove the following inscription:—"Royal shall Co-operative Society. This atone was a shall Co-operative Society. This atone was a shall considered the content of the content o

Wider Issues.

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on local governing bodies.

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Future

Programme.

The month of Septembe the Committee will devot to the collection of all discoverable facts throwing light upon the problem of the right and proper housing of the people of Woolwich. As early as possible in October, a second pamphlet giving the result of the investigation will be published, and ever effort possible in such a short space of time will be made to secure that this pamphlet shall be just, impartial, and authoritative statement of the facts of the case. A list of candidates who are pledged to support the building of good municipal cottages, to be let at the lowest possible rents, and in numbers sufficient to bring down the rent obtainable by private owners, will be drawn up and all voters will be asked to vote for those only The Committee believes that, however difficult The Committee believes that, however it is not impossible that the homes of the may be made such that health is possib

Our 63rd Balance Sheet.

The half-yearly meeting will have taken place in the Drill Hall before Comradeship is in the hands of members, but our report of it must be held over till October. The balance sheet, however, is now before us, and we should not be human if we did not chortle a little to call the world to witness what co-operation is doing in our corner of the County of London.

The Dividend.

Most members will look first to see what the dividend is, and again, most of them will be satisfied when they see it is again 1s. 11d. in the £. This, with the dividend to non-members, the educational fund, and the dividend to employees, will absorb £17,480 out of a disposable profit of £19,060. The remainder of the profit allows £400 to be paid into the general insurance fund, £700 to special depreciation funds for Woolwich, Charlton, and Erith, and £480 to the fund for equalisation of dividend. The reserve fund now stands at £9,784, the general insurance fund at £2,050, and the equalisation of dividend fund at £3,223, making a total of over £15,000.

Increase of Trade.

Every branch, and every department but one, has contributed to the great increase of trade over the first half of last year. The total increase is £39,176, which, allowing for the fact that in the first half of 1899 there were 25 weeks only, is an increase of 25 per cent. The different departments have grown at very unequal rates.

Hardware has increased by 66.3 per cent.

Furnishing	,,	,,	52.9	,,	
Tailoring	,,	,,	52.1	,,	
Coals	,,	,,	41.7	,,	
Shoemaking	,,	,,	34.2	,,	
Drapery	,,	,,	29.4	,,	
Greengrocery	22	,,	28.0	,,	
Grocery	,,	,,	26.5	117	
Butchery	,,	,,	21.9	,,	
Dairying	,,	,,	18.2	,,	
Confectionery	,,	,,,	7.3	,,	
Bakery	,,	,,	4.7	,,	
Millinery show	sa c	decrease	of 5	,,	

The increase of trade in coal is chiefly a nominal one, due to the high prices of recent months. On the other hand, if the sales of bread be measured in the number of loaves sold, we find the increase is 8.3 per cent., in place of 4.7 per cent. It is noticeable that the butchery has now deposed the bakery from the position of being the second largest department, the sales of meat having exceeded those of bread by over £1,000. The profit from the bakery, however, is over £4,000, as against just under £1,000 profit from the sale of meat. The drapery, however, promises soon to surpass both bakery and butchery, and it shows a handsome rate of profit.

The New Branch.

The sensational item in the balance sheet is that which announces the purchase of a 99 years' lease of the Links, Plumstead Common, from Mr. W. G. Dawson. For years the committee have been endeavouring to obtain a suitable site in that neighbourhood, and now they are to be congratulated on having acquired a magnificent one. There is a frontage of about 200 feet to Plumstead Common Road; there is a great piece of ground amply sufficient for a number of cottages, in addition to a branch as large as Lakedale Road; and immediately behind these are rows and rows of houses rapidly being added to, where members live who are most inconveniently situated for purchasing from any of the existing branches. There can be little doubt that when opened the South Plumstead branch will have a success similar to that of Lakedale Road and Belvedere.

The Society's Capital.

While the society is so vigorously launching out in new directions, there can be no fear of "surplus capital," that bogey which haunts the unenterprising societies. The growth of capital is instead, a reason for congratulation, and the rate of growth has of late been very rapid. It now stands at £243,604; a year ago it was £183,481; that is, it has increased by £60,000 in a single year. The money invested by members in the society is, in fact, more than the sum total of all the dividends declared during the society's existence, so that one might say that members have not, on the average, withdrawn any of their dividend, but only part of the interest on it. Nor is there any fear of the growth of the capital, and the interest due on it at 5 per cent., becoming an undue burden on the society. According to the expenses accounts, the various charges on the society for interest amounted to £5,520 for the half year, but out of that £3,420 was met by interest due to the society, chiefly from mortgagors. The balance of about £2,000 represents the cost to the society during the half year of the capital repreresented by its stock, land and buildings, fixtures, rolling stock, horses, &c.

Purchases.

Compared with 1899, the percentage of purchases from co-operative sources shows a considerable

1DI	ovement.					
In	Grocery	it is	63_{4}^{8}	per cent.	against	$53\frac{1}{2}$.
	Drapery	,,	32	,,	,	40.
	Tailoring	,,	181	,,	,,	$16\frac{1}{2}$.
	Shoemaking	,,	$51\frac{3}{4}$,,	,,	$42\frac{3}{4}$.
	Furnishing	,,	171	,,	,,	18.
	Hardware	,,	53	,,	,,	52.
	Greengrocery		$46\frac{1}{2}$,,	$45\frac{3}{4}$.

These figures show a mean of 401 against 381, but the real increase is much more. It is better seen in the increase in dividend received on purchases from co-operative sources, which has gone up from £489 to £729, an increase of 50 per cent. It is interesting to note that the dividend received is just half as much again as is necessary to pay the educational grant.

It is to be hoped that the progress in this direction will continue. There is still plenty of room for improvement. For instance, we are sure that if the purchases in boots and shoes from cooperative sources went up to 90 per cent. of the whole, we should get better value for our money, besides giving more help to the good cause of

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ther tion more capital into associations for erection of workmen's dwellings, which, like his own, would house people to the extent of 800 to the acre, and earn a satisfactory return. "He argued," says the official report, "that the death-rate was not increased by dealing with people in that way." How delightful will London be when all "the labouring classes" are thus housed by philanthropic capitalists, 800 to an acre—which means in "model" dwellings seven or eight stories high, with nice asphalted courts and proper regulations—for all the world just like one huge prison.

Some such solution of the Housing Question would no doubt be very agreeable to a large and influential class of people, who would take care to have a very different sort of house for themselves. But the "labouring classes" themselves, the men and women who are expected to inhabit the model dwellings and pay the philanthropists their dividends, beyond a doubt, desire to see the question solved in some other manner. But, though their views may be narrow, men of the type of Mr. Bond have at least spent brains and energy in improving the housing of the people according to their own ideas. It remains for the workers to show similar energy and resource in realising their ideal.

A very interesting paper was read by Mr. T. C. Horsfall, of Macclesfield. One passage is worth quoting:

"The direct bad influence of slums on the national life is clearly indicated by recent Manchester experience. Last year in that town about 11,000 young men wished to enlist. Of the 11,000, 8,000 had to be rejected on account of want of stamina or of physical defects; and of the 3,000 who were not rejected, only 1,072 could be put into the army; 2.072 were sent into militia regiments. The physical condition of a large proportion of the inhabitants of the more crowded parts of London and of all our large manufacturing towns is not less miserable than that of the poorer inhabitants of Manchester; and although coal-smoke, drinking, and licentiousness are amongst the factors which produce this physical deterioration, bad housing is the chief factor; and but for that factor the others would be easier dealt with. This physical deterioration does not stand alone. The mental and moral condition of the inhabitants of our over-crowded town districts is not less satisfactory than the physical condition."

Plenty of play grounds for children close to their homes, wide streets planted with trees, some park or open space within half-a-mile of every dwelling are the cures Mr. Horsfall prescribes; and he quotes the example of Berlin, which between 1872 and 1894, by the proper regulation of building, reduced its death-rate from 30 per 1,000 to 20. He urged the appointment of a commission "to draw up a code of regulations for making health possible in English towns."

This is indeed the first task the nation should take in hand at the present day—the task of mak-

ing health possible. It is a task needing the intelligent co-operation of Parliament, of County Councils, of Borough and District Councils, and of all classes of private citizens. This fact is speedily becoming recognised on all sides. And yet, with all the talk, and all the discussion on the subject, thus far I have never seen or heard a hint at what, in my opinion, is the first, the simplest, the easiest, and most effective step to a practical solution of the problem.

Before the central and local governing bodies begin to take positive measures to make houses cheap and abundant, we can call upon them to cease from making houses dear and scarce. There is no surer way of making any commodity dear or scarce than by taxing it; there is no commodity more grievously taxed in England than houses. If only our rulers would cease taxing our houses what an impetus would be given to house building.

At first sight such a proposal may seem far beyond the scope of practical politics, but a little consideration will show that it is not so. The method of making the change would be to pass an act similar in form to the Agricultural Land Rating Act for the payment of the rates on certain houses out of the Treasury. No houses should be allowed to take advantage of the Act unless they are—

- (1) Well built, with proper sanitation, lighting, and ventilation;
- (2) Occupied by people of the working class—
 i.e. by those whose incomes are earned, and do not exceed a certain standard, say £3 per week;
- (3) Let at fair rents, which again might be defined as a certain percentage of the rateable value.

The sum necessary to make these Treasury grants would not be large, and could be met by a further graduation of the income tax, which might take the form of a few extra pence on the excess of a man's income over £1,000. Viewed from the point of national finance, this would be a shifting of taxation from the necessaries of life imposed upon the workers, to the unearned incomes of the wealthy. Not even the class that paid the new tax would suffer financially, for everything that increases the welfare of the workers increases the total annual production of the country and the incomes of the property holders.

Now for the reason why this proposal is practical politics. In the next Parliament, unless its life is prematurely cut short, the five years period of the duration of the Agricultural Rating Act will expire. Even those who are most bitterly opposed to the principle of that Act have no expectation of defeating the proposal to continue it. On the other hand attempts will certainly be made to rectify the special favour it shows to landowners by making it a far more comprehensive measure. What class of property will then be able to show as strong a claim as houses of the sort described above?

GILBERT SLATER.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY LIMITED.

Registered Office: 147, POWIS STREET, WOOLWICH.

BOSTAL FARM

AND

SUFFOLK PLACE ESTATES.

Hicheme of Development

To be considered at the SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING to be held in the Drill Hall, Beresford Street, Woolwich, on Wednesday, April 25th, 1900.

TO THE MEMBERS-

Your Committee have for some months past carefully considered the best means of developing the above. The capital value of the estates is shown on the balance sheet last issued as being £54,427 7s. 7d., and after making allowance for rents received, this amount is being increased by accretions of interest, by an amount of nearly £900 yearly, which amount will increase before it can possibly be decreased. The estates have been surveyed, and upon that portion south of the railway there is room to erect about 3,500 houses, suitable for the industrial classes, with varying frontages of 15, 16, and 17 feet. The development can take the form of either (a) plotting the land and selling the freehold plots; (b) erecting houses, and selling the same subject to a lease; and (c) erecting houses and letting the same on weekly or other tenancy. Your Committee have concluded that the consideration

more capital into as workmen's dwellings, house people to the ext earn a satisfactory ret the official report, "th increased by dealing "How delightful will I labouring classes" are thropic capitalists, 800 in "model" dwellings with nice asphalted a tions—for all the waprison.

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This is indeed the first take in hand at the prese of the method (a) cannot be entertained, inasmuch as it would be most inadvisable to do other than retain the freehold of the estate under the collective control of the members of the Society. Method (c), on the other hand, is also out of the question, inasmuch as a capital of from £1,200,000 to £1,300,000 would be required to carry this into effect. Assuming that 75 per cent. of this amount could be obtained from the Society's bankers, it would still leave a sum of £325,000 to be found by the Society, being more than half as much again as the present capital of the Society, whilst even then it would be found that in all probability the investment would not yield sufficient to pay 5 per cent. upon the capital invested. The method (b) is the one, therefore, favoured by your Committee as being the one most in accord with the prevailing ideas of the members, as far as such can be judged, and the method which promises to yield the greatest net benefit to both the Society and to all the occupiers and purchasers of the houses. Your Committee is of opinion, too, that the land should not be let on building leases, but that the Society should erect all houses through it own Works Department. It is proposed to include all legal costs, and the cost of construction of the roads and sewers in the price of the houses, so that a purchaser of a house may not only know the total cost to him, but by the adoption of this method the facilities for purchase will be increased through such charges being included in the sum advanced upon mortgage. It is proposed, also, that greater facilities of repayment should be given. In the case of houses erected by the Society, whilst the advance should continue to be not more than 90 per cent. of the purchase money, the repayments should extend over a period of about 30 years by equal monthly repayments. It is proposed that a fair minimum repayment should be 11s. per month for 29 years and 7 months for every £100 advanced, but which, if adopted, would not prevent mortgagors paying more than this, in order to complete their repayments in a less term than the 30 years. It has been recognised, too, that many of the poorer members, however ambitious to own the house in which they reside, cannot do so through their inability to find the £30, £40, or £50 generally required before a start can be made. To reach this class it is proposed to let the houses upon a tenancy agreement, with the option of purchase, charging rent at the rate of 3s. 2d. per week for every £100 of purchase money, plus an amount to cover all rates and taxes and other outgoings. The rent so paid will be credited to the tenant, and after debiting the account with 5 per cent. interest on the purchase money during the first year, and the annual balance for the next two years, together with

the charges for ground rent, rates, etc., carry the balance to the reduction of the principal, which in three years will be reduced by 10 per cent., and a mortgage can then be executed, and repayments made upon the scale before mentioned. It is also proposed that the Society should undertake the risk of fire, through its Insurance Fund, charging the purchasers of the houses such premiums as is customary upon cottage property.

It is, of course, out of the question that the development can proceed satisfactorily under our present rules, as in accordance with those rules the purchasers of the houses would be entitled to the same dividend as the purchasers of other articles, and the employés would also be entitled to a share in the profits at the same rate per £ on their wages. This would necessitate an increase in the price of houses from, say, £300 to £345, an increase which would be sufficient to prevent sales. To work under the existing rules would be manifestly unjust, inasmuch as if the houses were sold at the prevailing prices, the share of profits payable to the employés engaged in their construction, and the dividend to the purchasers of the houses would have to be taken from the trade profits of the Society. Assuming houses were built at the rate of, say, 200 per annum, and sold at about the ordinary prices, adherence to the present rules would necessitate the sum of nearly £6,000 being taken each half year from the trade profits in order to pay the charges mentioned. The charges for holidays and share of profit to employés alone amount to 13 per cent. on the wages, and as wages in the building trades amount to about 45 per cent. of the total cost of the buildings erected, it can easily be seen that the methods applied in the retail trading departments of the Society, where the wages amount to from 5 to 8 per cent. of the sales, would not be applicable where the wages amount to so great an increased percentage. It is, therefore, essential that the rules should be altered, and your Committee accordingly recommend they be so amended, that, while Trade Union conditions to labour are retained the payment for all holidays and the participation in profits should be discontinued so far as the employés of the Works Department and the purchasers of the houses are concerned, but that the wages of such employés be increased by ½d. per hour above the recognised Trade Union rate. Of course, other rules will have to be altered, and if the proposals in this report find acceptance, a Special General Meeting will be called specially to alter the rules of the Society, in accordance with your resolutions.

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year, and the annual

The following recommendations of the Committee will be submitted for discussion, each of which will be proposed by the Chairman on behalf of the Committee, for adoption:—

RESOLUTIONS.

- sum of £325,000 to be 1. That the freehold of the estate be retained by the Society, except as much again as the in such cases where the intending purchasers have compulsory powers of purchase.
 - 2. That all houses be constructed by the Society, and sold subject to a lease.
- members, as far as sucl 3. That the cost of the construction of roads and sewers and all to yield the greatest r legal costs be included in the purchase price of the houses.
 - 4. That the Society become insurers of houses erected upon the Society's estates, charging such premiums as is customary upon cottage property.
 - 5. That the term of repayments of mortgage advances be so altered as to allow mortgagors of houses erected by the Society on the Society's estates, extending their repayments over a term of not more than 30 years, instead of 20 as at present provided in the rules of the Society.
 - 6. That the Committee be empowered to enter into tenancy agreements with intending purchasers, the rents so received being
 credited to their account with the Society, and, after debiting
 the same with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. on the agreed
 purchase money or balance of same, and the costs of ground
 rents, rates and taxes, and other outgoings, credit to the
 members' account with the balance, until the account is
 reduced by 10 per cent. when a mortgage can be executed.
 and repayments made as provided by the rules of the
 Society.
 - 7. That Rule 46 be so altered as to provide that purchasers of land and houses erected by the Society, and employés engaged in the Society's works department should not participate in profits, and Rule 25 be so altered that the employés of the Society's works department shall not be entitled to the holidays therein mentioned, but shall be paid one half-penny per hour above the recognised Trade Union rates of wages.

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